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### DAILY UNION PRESS.

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#### WEEKLY UNION PRESS.

SPECIAL NOTICE. ALL LETTERS relating to the Subscription, Adver-isements, or other business with the paper, should be addressed to "The Union Press, No. 109 Jefferson street, Louisville, Ky.

# TO CORRESPONDENTS. Communications to the paper should be addressed to "The Editor of the Union Press, Louisville, Ky." Care should be taken to write on only one side of the

No notice will be taken of Anonymous com Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer—not neces-parily for publication, but as a guaranty of his good faith. We cannot undertake to return rejected communica-

Advertisements in Weekly Union Press Ten lines or less, 50 cents. Larger advertisements

Advertisements in Daily Press. Five lines (torty words) or less, in column of "Wants,"
"For Sale," "For Rent," "Boarding," "Lost," "Found,"

#### Extravagance of the Times.

The past few years have been marked in this country by the rapid accumulations of fortunes. This has been especially true in our large cities, where the opportunities of amassing wealth have been very great, and this rapid acquisition of wealth has been panied by an extravagance in the accompanied by an extravagance in the style of living and a recklessness of expen-diture which is ruinous in its influence upon the community. Large fortunes have been easily made, and are spent without care or thought of the future.

One illustration of this extravagance is seen in the style and furnishing of the houses which are now built and occupied. The millionaire erects a palace, and fills it with the costliest productions gathered from every land. Those in moderate means imitate these leaders to the utmost means imitate these leaders to the utmost extent of their credit. Every man seeks to outdo his neighbor in display or expenditure, and this bad spirit of emulation is productive of great injury to the people. The increase in the cost of living has been greatly enhanced on account of this taste for an extravagant style of life. Many young men are prevented from marrying by the enormous cost of supporting an establishment, and families in comfortable circumstances find it utterly impossible to live in a style corresponding to convenlive in a style corresponding to conventional ideas; and thus society is more and more composed of wealthy magnates and those who imitate their extravagance to their own ruin. The styles and magnifi-cence of the new houses to which we allude be gathered from a few instances in

Several houses, recently erected, of only twenty-five feet front, but built with great the people of Lake Shore are now making a wagon road through the woods to the same point, twenty-seven miles of which are now complete. The whole distance is says, in modern usage it means to give sanction or currency to; as, to indorse a they are furnished in a manner as luxu rious as the palaces of the old world. Larger dwellings, built in the same style, valued at two and three hundred thou-

Of course, every imaginable comfort and convenience are combined in such houses, and the most lavish expenditure is made for the sake of display. The single item of mantel-pieces involves an outlay of thou-sands of dollars, these useless ornaments being made often of the choicest marble carved in Italy by skillful artists. The plate glass and gas fixtures in a single house have been estimated to cost twenty house have been estimated to cost twenty thousand dollars. Furnished houses of this class have commanded a rental of five hundred to a thousand dollars a month; and when it is remembered that the rental is rarely one-fifth, of the cost of living, the extravagance of the times can be estimated. extravagance of the times can be estimated. Such extravagance is a sin and a shame. It is useless to say that the money thus expended goes into the pockets of the working classes, for their wages are not increased in proportion to the elegance of the mansion upon which they labor. The example is detrimental to public morality; it excites a morbid craving for wealth for purposes of display. Comfort and happing purposes of display. Comfort and happiness, and often honor and life, are sacrificed in order to gratify a vicious taste and nourish a baneful selfishness.

Luxury begets dissipation and vice and

misery; and the exhibition of profuse wealth and unnecessary magnificence, in a country like ours, engenders public corruption and private covetousness. It is diffi-cult to say where this extravagance will cease, for it seems to be still upon the in-

When emulation in display exists in the different classes of society, it is to be feared that the end will come only by general bankruptcy and ruin. Where money is regarded and sought only for the gratification of extravagant tastes, and used to incite ri-valry and display, the result must be disastrous; and when people are estimated merely according to their exhibition of wealth, and not for personal excellence or intelligence, the tone of social life must rapidly deteriorate. It is time for reform in this matter. In

view of the dangers which menace us from this cause, in view of duty as the stewards of God, and in view of the influence which the rich have upon the community, we call upon men of wealth, and especially Christian men, to set the example of virtuous economy to the middle and poorer classes, and to make a decided effort to stem the tide of extravagance and love of display which is sweeping over the land.

THE WAY TO DEAL WITH JOHN BULL .-It is proposed by the Boston Traveller as the best method of bringing Great Britain to terms, that we resort to non-intercourse for a time. Says that journal: "Non-intercourse could not harm us; whereas, war would do us much mischief, even if we should win the race in a canter—that being a game, as well has been said, from which all parties rise loosers. Let us try the pressure of non-intercourse, and see if that is not equal to the pressing of justice out of Great Britain, though most persons, we suspect, would think the process almost as profitable, so far as justice is concerned, as that of squeezing turnips for blood. But if we should get our claim admitted, it as that of squeezing turnips for blood. But if we should get our claim admitted, it would be all that we could fairly demand, and we should be satisfied with such a re sult of the application of the peine forte et

Robert W. Bennie, late Sheriff, and Alfred Rougelet, late Recorder of the parish of Terrebonne, La., have been indicted by the Grand Jury of that parish for the following alleged language, to-wit: "That the negroes should vote, that they had this right, and unless this privilege should be granted them it would be done at a great deal of expense of blood; and that blood would be shed in defense of this right," etc. Upon this indictment Messrs, Bennie and Upon this indictment Messrs. Bennie and Rougelet were arrested and imprisoned by order of Judge Belden. A deputation has gone to New Orleans to intercede with Gen. Canby for the release of the prisoners. They allege that the real guilt of these men was their loyalty.

The Old School and Politics. The Old School Presbyterian Synod of Michigan has just closed its session at Detroit. Among the items of business we find a synopsis of its action on political questions, showing that the Presbyterians of Michigan differ with those of Kentucky omewhat on the great movements of the past four years:

The special order for Saturday evening was the report of the Committee on the State of the Country and the relation of the Church to the Freedmen and Refugees. Elder Greene, of Ypsilanti, in behalf of the Committee submitted the report. It was Elder Greene, of Ypsilanti, in behalf of the Committee, submitted the report. It was well and carefully written, expressing thanksgiving to God that peace had again returned to bless our country, and thanking the Almighty that, during our struggle for self-government, He had blotted out the national curse of slavery. It earnestly affirmed the duty of this Church to exert itself in aiding and educating the freedmen whom the war had thrown upon their hands, and elevating them to a higher social position. But the portion attracting the most attention, and eliciting the deepest interest, was a clause in the resolutions, soltmnly deprecating, as endangering the safety of the nation, the wholesale pardoning of those who had wickedly sought its ing of those who had wickedly sought its destruction, and had carried grief and mourning into every hamlet and almost every household throughout the land. This produced a profound sensation, and in voting, the members of the Synod seemed to realize the importance of their bearing testimony on this subject. The resoluns were adopted unanimously by a ris-

ing vote.

Rev. Mr. Campbell then made a motion that the resolutions on the state of the country be engrossed and transmitted to the Secretary of State, with a request to forward them to the President.

Rev. Geo. Willard, of Battle creek, pre-

sented a preamble and resolution, taking proper notice of the death of President Lin-coln, and assuring President Johnson that this body appreciates the difficulties of his position and the responsibilities that devolve upon him; which were adopted.
Elder Geo. S. Frost, of Detroit, was appointed to engross these resolutions, in connection with those on the state of the coun-

# Return of Explorers from the Vermillion Lake Gold District.

try, and to forward them both to Washing

Messrs. Henry and Richard Eames whose recent geological exploration of the North Shore region, resulted in the discov-eries of rich gold deposits at Vermillion Lake, arrived in this city last evening, the near approach of winter in that hyperborean region having compelled them to suspend their labors there for this season. They report the mines, from surface indias rich of those of California, and from the complete analogy of the geologi-cal associations they infer that the aurif-erous formation extends through this whole volcanic uplift, which they regard as a spur of the Rocky Mountain range. Mr. Richard Eames informs us that they followed one gold-bearing quarts even for over seven miles, but the country, which is covered with pine woods and interspersed with fre-quent swamps, is so intricate that the work of exploration is necessarily slow; and the setting in of cold weather and the forma-tion of ice in the streams warned them of the necessity of abandoning the survey for the present. Vermillion Lake they repre-sent as a most beautiful and pic uresque labrynth of water and woods, and rocks, whose shores present such a tortuous maze of promontories and windings, as to make

it altogether without being lost.

They have cut a direct trail along the divide from Duluth to Vermillion Lake, and

sixty miles.

The Messrs, Eames have brought numer-

# Incidents of the Solar Eclipse.

A letter to the St. Louis Republican, from Paducah, Ky., says: During the progress of the eclipse I had my attention attracted to some singular and interesting phenomena connected with it which I had never noticed before, though I have no doubt of their occurrence at every solar eclipse, where the scenery and the circumstances are the same, or similar. Standing before our house and hall door are two large oak trees, still covered with their green foilage, through the interstices or openings of which the rays of the sun find admittance. I had my attention called to the singular appearances presented where the rays of the sun fell on the hall floor, when I found that each pencil or collection of rays formed a complete image of the sun as in the eclipse, varying in size according to the number o rays or size of the aperture, some of them being larger and some smaller. On step-ping out of doors, and looking at the side of the house, where the rays through the follage fell on it, I observed the same appearances. And they continued to represent the sun, in all its phases, during the It was doubtless on the principle of the

camera obscura, as I noticed that the images were all inverted. But the mystery ages were all inverted. But the mystery with me was, that the rays forming these images, coming as they did through interstices among the foilage, not round, but of all shapes, with jagged edges, should form perfect images, and all alike! Indeed, so perfect and plain were they, that being seated in the house, just before the formation of the ring, a carpenter at work under the trees, and noticing the appearance on the trees, and noticing the appearance on the side of house, called to me that the ring was formed, which, on going out and viewing the sun, I found to be the case.

MILITARY SCHOOL IN VIRGINIA .- The authorities of Virginia had proposed to resus-citate the Military School of the State and citate the Military School of the State and taken some steps toward it. The Government, very properly we think, has placed a veto on the measure. There are a great many things that the State needs more than it needs a Military School, and there are many which it would be more becoming, under the circumstances, to give a precedence in legislative and executive consideration. A Farm School would furnish the State with more valuable results and the State with more valuable results, and be a greater benefit to all classes of the people. There is, probably, no one of the States lately in insurrection, that is destined to undergo a greater or more desirable change in its style of agriculture than Virginia. The reclamation of world land with

happiness.
The United States Military Acedemy, we training that our country will require for generations to come, and as it will now be exonerated from the sectionalism which appears to have infected it to some extent heretofore, it may be safely relied on, with-out local or private schools having a mili-tary character.—Pittsburg Commercial.

New designs in wood and metal, for paper weights. Also, novelties in India gia, by the Pastor, Rev. John H. Caldwell, Rubber Stationery, as well as fresh sup- of the Georgia Conference. Our readers plies of superior ruling pens, glass ink- have had a taste of these remarkable dis-

(Old No. 431.)

An Effective Weapon for a Lady. The 'burg was the scene of a funny excitement yesterday afternoon. As we have stated several times, the new Poundmaster is commendably efficient. The village being full of loose geese, his efficiency costs him considerable labor, and brings down him considerable labor, and brings down on his devoted head a great quantity of low-grade abuse. Yesterday he levied on a flock of geese belonging to a tonguey and muscular Irish lady, whose urban residence is on John street. Poundmaster got the geese down poundwise as far as State street, near the Phenix, when the Milesian lady appeared "upon the stage." She, with many objurgations, endeavored to turn the feathery heads northward, he as earnestly endeavoring to give them a southern aspect. The cross purposes and scolding, and s-s-h-e-w-ing electrified the neighborhood, and soon the actors had an audience of a street full. The result of the contest was

street full. The result of the contest was long doubtful, but the lady finally conquered by a masterly piece of strategy. The lady took up a brace of her pet geese, one under each arm, and came to close quarters with the official, holding him at bay while her hopeful broad of regreat hers but while her hopeful brood of ragged boys put the rest of the geese on the "double-quick," homeward. The offical saw the "point," and endeavored to break over the crino-lined barrier. The lady met the charge manfully. Taking each of her geese by the legs, the gander in her right hand, she used them as shillalehs for walloping her "op-pressor." Down came the gander with a pressor." Down came the gander with a heavy concussion on the left cheek, then down went goosey on the right, over and over again. The official reeled under these over again. The official reeled under these staggering blows like a ship in a storm, and came near being stranded in the gut-ter. He held out the white flag and sur-rendered. The lady's triumph was complete—there was a great rejoicing among the goose breeders, and the crowd of spec-tators gradually dispersed.—Troy Times.

#### Possible Consequences,

The death of Lord Palmerston may very possibly be followed by important changes in the policy of Great Britatn. The famous declaration of John Bright, that no reform movement could be successful during the life-time of the late premier, will now be be a precifical test.

rought to a practical test.

Palmerston's personal popularity was so immense that it had a remarkable power of reconciling the English people to political tutelage; but now that he is no more, the general clamor for reform will find no one to withstand, as he alone could, the popular passions, or to overawe, as he alone could, the markers of the house of commons. Mr. the members of the house of commons. Mr. Gladstone, whose sympathies for enlarged political liberties are well known, will be the oracle of parliament; and whether the official mautic of Palmerston falls upon Russell or Clarendon, both of them, being members of the house of peers, are debarred from any influence in the popular branch of the English legislature.

Upon the foreign policy of Great Britain, the demise of Lord Palmerston may also have an effect. That unconquerable distrust for Great Britain which prevails on the continent of Europe was the result of want of faith in the relitation. want of faith in the political integrity of Lord Palmerston, and the increasing conviction of his exaggerated confidence in the French Emperor. It is probable that the relations of Great Britain with foreign powers will become more friendly, and that a singer desire for peace and good will so sincere desire for peace and good will, so far as the French nation is concerned, will no longer be allowed to degenerate into a slavish glorification of the usurper of the econd empire. The complications with this country are also likely to receive a more peaceable solution, now that our arch-enemy has departed, and his influence is no longer exerted to overpower Earl Russell's better convictions.—Chicago Re-

The Messrs. Eames have brought numerous specimens of gold-bearing rock with them. We are promised fuller and more detailed particulars of their surveys and discoveries at another time.—St. Paul Press, 29th ult.

Indorsing-etymologically, in and dor-Indorsing—etymologically, in and dorsum, on the back—is what is called in Saxon English, backing; as backing a letter. But it shall not answer always to confound the terms. Mounting afhorse is not called indorsing but backing, as Barbary, King Richard's steed, was backed by Bolingbroke, and as Tyler and Fillmore were backed and hard ridden to the end of their race. "Call you that backing of your race. "Call you that backing of your friends? A plague upon such backing," said fat Sir John. Backing the sails, too, is a way the sailors have of making the ship go astern instead of forward. But the best idea of some of the very modern process of indorsement can be got, from Webster's indorsement can be got from Webster's definition of the nautical phrase "backing the anchor." "It is," he says, "to lay down a small anchor ahead of a large one, the cable of the small one being fastened to the crown of the large one, to prevent its coming home." Backing the anchor was hardly necessary, after our storm was over and the large one had held the good ship safely at her moorings. Those who did it must have had an eye to the "splicing of the main-brace." that is, an allowance of grow brace," that is, an allowance of grog.

THE PRUSSIAN SOLDIER FIFTY YEARS THE PRUSSIAN SOLDIER FIFTY YEARS AGO.—The commissariat and clothing were shameful. The soldier received daily two pounds of badly baked ammunition bread, and one pound of meat a week. His uniform was made of such coarse and slovenly-woven cloth, that to use a popular expression of the time—peas could be sown through it. The coats were cut away from the chest, so that the stomach was exposed. In summer they were canyass trousers, and In summer they wore canvass trousers, and in these the soldiers, who had no overalls nor cloaks, were obliged to bivouac in the cold autumn night of 1806. The white waistcoat was not a real thing, but only a rag sewn on to the coat. The cloth, too, was cut so close that the man who was thrust into this uniform could searcely move, and st. od wike a doll whose arms and lorge stood "like a doll, whose arms and legs could only be moved to a certain point." The torment of pigtails and powder was almost incredible. An accurate measurement of the regimental pigtails was a great feature of the Prussian art of war. There were in the army captains whose queues trailed on the ground, and required from seventy to eighty yards of ribbon. It hap pened, at times, that a Prussian field mar-tial at a grand parade would draw from his pocket the normal pigtail, and close his re proof of any officer whose men did not reach the standard, with the magnificent dictum: "Ah, general, it is cruelly difficult to make a good queue."—Wraxall.

The Macon (Ga.) Journal says that the abolition of slavery has removed one em-barrassment to Southern progress which formerly existed, the aversion of white laborers to come in competion with slaves, and the consequent difficulty in procuring immigration of foreign white labor. Competition now will be between freedmen, and if whites, with their superior intelligence and opportunities, their habits of industry and economy, cannot successfully compete with the blacks, why the blacks will deserve success. Whichever of the two classes, however, predominates in the contest, the very rivalry necessary to success must inure to the benefit of the South.

SLAVERY AND SOUTHERN METHODISM. This is the title of a neatly printed pamphlet containing two sermons preached in the Methodist Church, in Newman, Georcourses in the extracts we gave them a short time since. Civill & Calvert have the work for sale at 25 cents. Printed for the author and offered at so trifling cost it should have d&wtf

#### MEDICAL.

**Buffalo Medical Institute** 340 Main Street, two doors above Court, Buffalo, N. Y.,

ESTABLISHED AS A

REFUGE FROM QUACKERY. THE ONLY PLACE WHERE A CURE CAN BE OBTAINED.

DR. FISHBLATT fIAS DISCOVERED THE MOST DR. FISHBLATT fIAS DISCOVERED THE MOST Certain, speedy and effectual remedy in the world for Weakness of the Back or Limbs, Strictures, Affections of the Kidneys and Bhadder, Involvntary Discourges, Imponency, General Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsia, Lang.r., Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heat, Timidity, Trembling, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Discourse of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin, Affections of the Liver, Lungs, Stomach or Bowels—those terrible disorders arising from Solitary Habits of Youth—secret and solitary practices more fatal to their victims than the song of Syrens to the Mariners of Ulyses, blighting their most brailiant hopes or anticipations, rendering marriage, etc., impossible.

YOUNG MEN

that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of your men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise entrance listening Senates with the thu, lers of eloquence, or wake to ecstacy the living by ermay call with full confidence.

# MARRIAGE.

MARKIAGES.

Married persons, or young men contemplating marriage, being aware of Physical Weakness, Organic Debility, Deformities, specify cured.

He who places himself under the care of Pr. F. may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS
immediately cured and full vigor restored.
This distressing affection, which renders life miserable and marriage impossible, is the penalty paid by the vicinis of improper indulgences. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadul consequences that may ensue. Now who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the powet creation is lost sooner by those lalling into improper habits than by the prudent? Basides, being deprived the healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms of both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged, the physical and mental functions weakened, loss of procreative power, nervous irritability, dyspepsia, palpitation of the heart, indigestion, constitutional debitty and wasting of the frame, cough, consumption, decay and death.

DR. FISHBLATT graduated from one of the most emi-

cay and death.

DR. FISHBLATT graduated from one of the most eminent colleges in the United States; has effected some of
the most astonishing cures that were ever known; n any
troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep,
great nervousness, being a larmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with
derangement of mind, were immediately cured. TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Dr. F. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits, which ruin both bod; and mind, unfitting them for either business, study, society or marriage.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limiss, Fains in the flead, Dimnes of tight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dispersia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Degestive Functions, Gen-ral Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, etc. MENTALLY.—The fearful effects of the mind are much to be dreaded. Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Peression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, etc., are some of the evils produced.

Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge what it cause of their declining health, losing their vicor, becoming weak, pale, nervous, and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of consumption.

YOUNG MEN who have injured themselves by a certain practice indulged in when alone, a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, evi a selep, and, iff not cured, renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity, that a young man, the hope of the country, the pride of his parents should be snatched from all prospects and enloyments of life by the consequence of devisating from the path of nature, and indulsing in a certain secret habit. Such persons must before contem-

MARRIAGE reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed without these the journey through life becomes a weary pigrimage; the prospect hurly darkens to the view, the mind becomes shadowed with despair and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.

DR. E. FISHBLATT'S Office is 340 Main street, two doors above Court, Buffalo

flice is 340 main street, two about Affections, Consumpton, Liver Complaint, Chronic Affections, and all Diasses of Imprudence of whatever character, and which have teleared incurable by other Physicians, he engages to make immediate cure of. From his lengthy practice in the Science of Medicine, he is enabled to offer himself to the public as being the only one in the city of Buffalo capable of affording system relief. All cases curable will be guaranteed. vill be guaranteed.

He warrants a cure without the use of mercury or any ther dangerous medicines. Becent cases cured in two

No letters received unless post paid and containing a stamp to be used on the reply. Persons writing should state age and send portion of advertisement describing symptoms. ymptoms.

N. B.—Letters addressed to DR. FISHBLATT, at his office 340 Main street. Buffalo, N, Y., will receive immediate attention. Those at a distance can be treated by The Poctor's DIPLOMA hangs in his office. no2-ly

# HUNNEWELL'S UNIVERSAL COUGH REMEDY. TEN YEARS HAS Clearly proyed that the theory of simplicity, the great element of this plendid preparation, which allows its use whenever there is tickling or irritation in the Throat, and producing no debility, is the only and true theory by which a true remedy for Colds, Coughs, Hoarseness, Bronchial Complaints, and all Throat Affections, which, if neglected, end in Consumptien, can be effect unlife cured. Some of water. Some thin of the great origin of Diptherla, when neglected, is cured by making a Gargle with equal parts of water. Some thin or the great origin of Diptherla, when neglected, is cured by making a Gargle with equal parts of water. Some thin or the great origin of Diptherla, when neglected, is cured by making a Gargle with equal parts of water. Some thin or the great element of this plendid preparation, which allows its use whenever there is tickling or irritation in the control of the great element of this plendid preparation, which allows its use whenever there is tickling or irritation in the control of the great element of this plendid preparation, which allows its use whenever there is tickling or irritation in the control of the great element of the great e

Small bottles 25c, Large do. 50c. JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, Proprietor. ractical Chemist, 9 Commercial Wharf, Boston, Mass. nol-M, W&Slmis

# MACAZINE.

# GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK NEW FOR 1886.

THE

Fashion Magazine of the World.

I ITEBATURE, FINE ARTS AND FASHIONS. THE most magnificent Steel engravings. DOUBLE FASHION PLATES. Wood engravirs on every subject that can interest ladies. Crochet Knitting, Netting, Embroidery, Articles for the Toilet, for the Parior, the Boudoir, and the Kitchen. Everything, in fact, to make a COMPLETE LADY'S BOOK.

# The Ladies' Favorite for 36 Years.

No Magazine has been able to compete with it. None

GODEY'S RECEIPTS or every department of a household. These alone are worth the price of the Book.

MODEL COTTAGES, (no other Magazine gives them), DRAWING LESSONS FOR THE YOUNG. Another sp-ciality with -odey.

ORIGINAL MUSIC, worth \$3 a year. Other Magazines publish old worn-out music; but the subscribers to dodey get it before the music stores.

GARDENING FOR LADIES. Another peculiarity GARDENING FOR LADIES. Another peculiarity with Godey.
Fashions from Messrs. A. T. Stewart & Co., of New York, the millionaire merchants, appear in Godey, the only Magazine that has them.
Ladies' Bonnets. We give more of them in a year than any other Magazine. In fact, the Lady's Book enables every lady to be her own bonnet maker.

# MARION HARLAND,

of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side," "Nemesis," and "Miriam." writes for Godey each month, and for no other magazine A new novel by her will be published in 1866. We have also retained all our old and favorite contributors.

TERMS OF Godey's Lady's Book for 1866.

(From which there can be no deviation.) The following are the terms of the Lady's Book for 1866

paper.

L. A. GODEY, N. E. corner Sixth and Chestnut streets, PHILADELPHIA.

### COV'NT AUCTION SALE.

COV'NT AUCTION SALE.

LABGE AND IMPOSTANT SALE OF
GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

The following described Government property will be sold at public auction at the Oakland Cavalry Depot, near Louisville Ky. The sale to commence at 10 o'clock A M., on the 157H DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1850, and continued from day to day until all is sold:

100 first class Gavalry Horses, (more or lees);
100 first class Mules, (more or lees);
10,000 feet Lumber;
50,000 feet Lumber;
10,000 feet Lumber;
10,000 feet on the following amounts of Lumber, oct., (more or less);
120,000 feet ommon Pine Boards;
150,000 feet third rate Pine Boards;
16,000 feet Joista-Hendock;
16,000 feet Scantling-Hemlock;
16,000 feet Scantling-Hemlock;
16,000 feet Scantling-Hemlock;
16,000 feet Sile-Poplar;
10,000 Shingles;
10,000 Shingles;
10,000 Shingles;
10,000 Shingles;
10 Window and Sash Frames;
10 Window and Sash Frames;
10 Window and Sash Frames;
11 Transom Sash.

The Horses and Mules will be sold first.

The public is respectively notified that this is probably the last lot of first class Horses and Mules which will be sold at this dept.

#### AUCTION SALES.

A UCTION SALE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY. We will offer for sale at public auction at the Crittender General Hospital, corner Fifteenth and Broadway, Louis ville, Ry., on WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER STB, 1865, the following Government property, in good order and condi-

1,120 Blankets, 854 Counterpanes, 193 Bed Sack\*, 1,593 L. and C. Sheets, 40 Musquito Bars, 8 Cushions, rubber. 537 Hair Pillows, 60 Hair Mattresses, 1,141 L. & C. Pillow Cas 573 Sheck Mattresses. 4 Beds, water,

1,143 Colton Shirts, 200 Slippers, 159 pairs Cotton Lyrawers, 1174 Caps, 250 Socks, woolen. FURNITURE. 442 Iron Bedsteads,
100 Linen Towels,
49 Buckets, wooden,
110 Table Spoons,
100 Table Forks,
20 Plates, deep,
41 Basins, tin,
46 Basins, wash,
6 Bed Pans,
6 Bed Pans,
100 Cleavers,
2 Cleavers,
2 Cloevers,
8 Olid Cloth Rugs,
6 Og Agrassorted,
8 Olid Cloth Rugs,
And several other articles not herein mentioned.
Terms—Cash in Government funds.
By order of Medical Department United States Army. Terms - Cash in Government funds.

By order of Medical Department United States Army.

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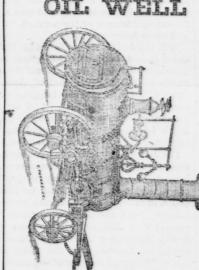
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# THE DAILY PRESS

OFFICE---PRESS BUILDING

NO. 109 JEFFERSON STREET LOUISVILLE:

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1865.

# News of the Day.

Col. Calvin Fillmore, uncle of ex-President Fillmore, died in Erie county, N. Y. on the 22d inst., aged ninety years.

Brevet Major General Joseph R. Haw ley, late Chief of Staff to General Terry, commander at Richmond, has resigned his commission in the army, and returned to the editorship of the Hardford (Connecticut)

The Fenian Brotherhood ia the Southwest are petitioning the President to re-move Secretary Seward. The cause of the petition is the allegation that he has furnished information against them to the Britsh Government.

It is asserted that Admiral Denman, the British naval commander in Pacific waters, has been oedered by his Government to send cruisers in quest of the pirate Shenandoah, and to capture her if possible.

A letter from Mexico says: "There is no truth in the report that Maximilian has appointed as his heir one of the Iturbide children. He merely declared him a prince during his life, without the right of leaving that title to his heirs. It is understood that Maximilian is bound with Napoleon to leave to his choice the appoint-ment of his successor, or to declare Mexico a French colony,"

Intelligence from Canada states that the as been issued that all arms found in the possession of all suspicious parties shall be taken in charge by the military authorities. Parties crossing into Canada from the Unit-ed States are carefully watched. These precautions are taken on account of the information conveyed by the British authorities relative to the movements of the Fe-

The news this morning of the approach of the cholera to our shores will excite the attention of all. The steamer Atlanta has arrived, and is now at quarantine in New York harbor, with a number of cases of this disease among her passengers. There ng to a fearful extent in Paris at last

All the indications point to an early and severe winter. The snow storm that visited the West last week had its counterpart in the East, and sleigh bells are already ringing in northern New England. The fall of snow at Albany, New York, was twelve inches, but it soon turned to slosh by a rain storm which followed. Cars came into Springfield, Massachusetts, loaded with about five inches. It snowed hard to within ten miles of Boston. In the immediate vicinity of the lakes, as at Rochester, &c., the fall was slight, these portions of the country being visited with a severe gale.

General Canby has addressed a letter to the Governor of Louisiana, declining to surrender to him for trial certain men now under arrest in the parish of St. Landry, charged with murder. The offense, he says, was invested with a military character, and, as the military courts have constitutional and statute jurisdiction and cognizance of such cases, they cannot be committed to the State courts without conceding in principle the jurisdiction in cases of mutiny, desertion, or any other military crime.

Wirz, now awaiting sentence in the Old Capitol Prison at Washington, is represent-ed as having considerably improved in health since the trial, and singularly at any time since his arrest. He talks frequently as to the probable finding in his case, and says he knows he is to be hanged, 'I don't care von tam," he often exclaims, "but if zey do hang me, zey should also hang Jeff. Davis, Winder and others, from whom I got my orders."

has sent the following to Gov. Murphy, of Arkansas: "There wil be no interference with your present organization of State Government. I have learned from E. W. Gant, Esq., and other sodrees, that all-is working well, and you proceed and resume former relations with the Federal Government, and all the aid and power of the Government will be given in restoring the State to its former re-First, the insertion of the clause n the State Constitution forever prohibit-ng slavery. Second, the repudiation of the Confedeate debt. Third, the prompt ratifi-cation by the Legislature, of the Constitu-tional Amendment abolishing slavery. The State Government has been in operation

A STATEMENT has been going the rounds of the press that "President Johnson has ordered the advertisements of the Departments to be inserted in the 'Constitutional Union," a notoriously treasonable journal, published in Washington by Tom Florence, a played out Locofoco Congressman from Philadelphia. This statement, we are glad to learn from Mr. Dana, editor of the Chicago Republican, is untrue. No such orders were given by Mr. Johnson or any other member of the Executive Government. The falsehood was originally invented by traitors to bring the President' stantly publishes advertisements of the Departments of War, the Navy, the Inte- witnesses give. rior, and the Treasury; but they are insertee by that journal without authority, and vertiser, says: without pay. It has done this for a year or two past, but nobody thought anything of it until the calumny respecting the President, which we have above contradicted, was put in circulation.

# YEA, VERILY.

"We have done enough for the negro," says the Greenville (East Tennessee) New Era, speaking of the South. "True, O King," say we; nothing truer was ever uttered by you. We said five years ago you | year, and leave the future prospects of our had done enough for the negro, and you went to war with us for saying so, swearing that you would not live under the same made him lazy, idle, unfaithful, unthrifty, mother, his daughter and his sister, of all

You may well say, "We have done enough for the negro. What could have been done more in my vineyard"-for my negroes-"that we have not done in it? Wherefore, when we looked that it should bring forth grapes, brought it forth wild

# JOURNALISTIC.

The Chicago Republican comes to us in quarto form, in the style of the leading New York papers, and of the Cincinnati Commercial. The Republican is one of the largest and ablest, and already ranks among the most influential, papers in the West. The quarto form is becoming a sort of mania among Western newspaper publishers. The Indianapolis Journal announces, that its publishers intend to change that paper to a quarto on the 1st of

REAPING THE WHIRLWIND, At the risk of wearying our readers with

the subject, we desire to say a few words on two points of the Journal's reply of yesterday to our article of the day previous. We felt that the tone and drift of its article, "Locking Away from Home," of last Wednesday morning, were vicious and wicked, or else the writer was criminally deficient in judgment for an editor of a public journal. While he charged the idleness of the freedmen and their refusal to return to their old homes and go to work, to downright wilfulness on their part, we claimed that the real cause was not to be sought in an obstinate and perverse disinclination to do anything for themselves, but in the fact that, reasoning, as far and as correctly as they are capable, just as other people do, from the facts and statements accessible to them, they

are made so timid and so distrustful of the good faith of the South towards them that they cannot trust themselves in its no one there wishes him any better treatpower. This we claim to be generally true. We alluded to some of these facts, and thought we showed plainly enough, for any candid and reasonable man to see, that here lay the main difficulty. "We presume," says the Journal in its reply, "there have been some crimes of the kinds mentioned committed at the South by Southern people." Does the Journal mean that it does not know that these things are so? If we mistake not, it has not yet informed its readers of the murder of four discharged colored soldiers by a party of rebels in Nelson county in this State last

Friday night. Is there nothing intention-British Government has moved large bodies of troops and stationed them along the frontiers of the United States. An order We have no desire to deal in recriminations over these occurrences. But we do desire that the Journal may have one more chance to see the truth it seems thus far to have missed: and so will state two facts which we might have told the Journal the other day. We know from actual observation that abducting negroes to sell them was frequent in Memphis, Tennessee, in

1863. They often escaped from their abduc-

tors and returned to the city. One month ago, Major Reeves, who had were fifteen deaths during her voyage, out of fifty or sixty cases. The disease first developed itself among the passengers who took passage at Havre. Several deaths have occurred on the steamer since arriving at New York. The cholera was prevailing to a feerful extent in Peris et less than the cholera was prevailing to a feerful extent in Peris et less than the control of the surrounding daily to the city from the surrounding been in the Freedmen's Department for country, from Arkansas and Mississippi, with the hope of hiring freedmen to go to their farms and work, uniformly failed to get a single hand. Said he: "There are 16,000 negroes in this city. They all know me, and will believe what I tell them, save on one point. Were I to start out now to engage hands for these planters to take with them to their plantations, I probably should not find one who would go, But if I wished them to go with me and work for me, with the promise that I would stay with them, I could get one hundred in a few hours. They will not go out of the city to labor with any of the citizens here. They are afraid to go." These 16,000 negroes had gathered in the city for protection from Mississippi, Ar-

kansas and West Tennessee. But there are other causes than the crimes mentioned for the refusal of the negro to work. And those other causes give a fearful exemplification of the proverb, "Curses will come home to roost,"

Will the Journal bear in mind that w never denied that the freedmen have all the ignorance and degration, and all the vices which a bondage like that of American slavery, lasting more then ten generations, must entail upon any race. And we have no more sympathy, no stronger plea to make for them than we should have for any other race in the same condition.

The Journal says that we have the h hood to say that the freedmen dare not go sent organ- to work, but "the testimony is that they won't work" as a class, and proceeds to quote, in proof of their asserted sheer wilfulness, from the Greenville, (East Tennessee) New Era, the Montgomery (Alabrma) Advertiser and Gen. Fullerton's ations." Gen. Grant says: "These three speech in Louisiana to the freed people important questions have been settled in there. We grant it might fill columns with editorials from Southern papers, appeals from the Freedmen's Bureau, etc., of a like character.

But, unfortunately for the Journal's view, two of its friends prove too much, and the third, the Greenville Era, shows such a feeling towards the freedmen as to vitiate its testimony, Here is a part of the same editorial of the Era, as that from which the Journal quotes in support of its

position: Aud we think it due to ourselves to igfore them in toto, and not employ them in any way, but procure in their stead white sarily drive this indolent people out of the country. We have done enough for the ne-gro, and if, protecting our own self-interest, Cuffy should suffer, it will be attributable to his own idleness and unfaithfulness.

We submit in all candor that such a witness betrays too strongly his prejudices to into disrepute with the Union party. It is make his testimony conclusive, especially true that the Constitutional Union con- when his statements of facts are open to the same explanation of causes as the other two

The second witness, the Montgomery Ad-

Thus far we are sorry to say that expe rience teaches that negroes, in a free condi-tion, will not work on the old plantations. They have crowded to the cities and towns. Many have actually died from want and starvation, and still the delusion haunts their misguided souls that something better will turn up for them in the future, Evil-minded persons have instilled perni-cious notions into their heads, until, with gay visions of future honor and glory which will never be realized, they persistently re-fuse to enter into contracts for the next farmers gloomy and uncertain.

General Fullerton, the third witness brought forward, gives the usual amount Government with us any longer, You have of advice to his hearers to return to their old plantations, go to work, and be indusignorant and superstitious; you have made trious and frugal, saying, in the course of him work, but kept from him the laborer's his remarks: "Do not fear that you will not hire; you have sold from him his wife and be paid for your labor." And again: "Some children and all his kindred; you have of you have the mistaken notion that freehunted him with bloodhounds; in your dom means to be idle." This is the sum of lusts you have quite despoiled his wife, his General Fullerton's testimony. We think our readers will agree with us that the Advertiser and General F. agree in saying that there is a cause for 'the general disinclination of the freedmen to go to work be-

side sheer willfulness. We wish to use more of the Journal's witnesses. October 26, Brig. Gen. Tillson, Assistant Commissioner of the Freedman's Bureau in Georgia, delivered an address before a large audience in Milledgeville, 'composed of most of the members of the Constitutional Convention, private citizens," and others. His subject was the nature, objects, and plans of the Bureau in that State. The character of his audience and his official position are guarantees that he knew what he said to be true. We make a few extracts from an abstract of his speech, published in the Cincinnati Gazette: They must be secure in the fruits of their labor, their persons, families, and homes. I do not propose to ignore the prejudices of the people with reference to the freedmen.

not stay in this country if they are not permitted to stay here themselves. They went from Bewleyville to Union Star, from thence down through Stephensport and Cioverport. They are under the leadership of a notorious rascal named Berry and are supposed to be the same gang that robbed a traveler in Nelson county a short time ago.

November 1st, 1865. The Washington Monument Association will appeal to Congress at its next session for an appropriation of thirty thousand dollars, with which to complete the monument. Sometimes will, of course, be on hand. The Washington Monument Association

You may suppose, and you may be correct, that you understand the negroes better CITY AND GENERAL NEWS.

than we can do. But we are in a much better condition than you to know the wrongs and outrages daily perpetrated upon the freedmen, and you would be shocked and mortified by the hideous array. All Louisville should witness the last performance of Arrah-na-Pogue, at the matinee this afternoon.

than we can do. But we are in a much bet-

when the troops are removed, slavery or something akin to it will be re-established.

This keeps the freedmen in a constant state of alarm.

If a man is persistently abused even by

single individual in a community, and no

one manifests any sympathy for him, he

The Montgomery Advertiser speaks of

delusions? The following, taken from the

People complain in the South that very

many of the negroes firmly believe the lands of their former owners are to be di-

vided amongst them. In almost every

lief; in Virginia and elsewhere the office

of the Freedmen's Bureau have been called

upon to convince the blacks of their error. We notice in the Galveston News a report

former masters, and they have the same ideas there that their brethren have in oth

er parts of the State-that the lands are to

but after that, as to what they will do, the have not come to any definite conclusion

Flake's Bulletin confirms this report-bu

be divided amongst their slaves, and the whites of the South would be placed be-

said so from the stump to audiences in

which there were negroes. Their presence there can easily belunderstood by all who

are acquainted with the Southern States-

tions, were carried into the different home-steads, and their contents read and dis-cussed before the negroes. The assertion

that the Federal officers were in the habit

of associating with the colored females, was made before female servants. In a few

words, all the false statements which formed a great deal of the political capital of the

contradict them. Some of the negroes were

foolish enough to believe them. When a Confederate Senator turned to the pool

men in a speech, near Houston, and told them that after the downfall of the Con-

men will not be surprised that some of the

Surely, they have sown the wind and

If there is one truth under heaven mor

in its policy towards the freedmen, it is this

that the system under which he has lived,

and not he himself, is to be blamed for his

present condition. It amazes and grieves

us that the public press, and so many of

the people of the South, pour out all their

vials of wrath upon his head. They con-

tinue to treat him and talk about him as i

there were not two hundred years of bond-

age at his back, flooding him with ignor-

It is this inhuman, this unchristian and

cubus, often nuisance, is the negro popula-

the Journal and its like show a most la-

mentable and criminal blindness to the

highest self-interest of themselves and the

whole country in their manner of treating

this matter. And, as if to seal their dam-

nation, they spurn the help of well.dispos-

en people of the North to aid them in re-

In Greenville, Tennessee, where dwells

one of the thunderers after the Journal's

own heart, the people would not suffer

colored [schools to be continued after

the troops were withdrawn. We had it

from the chief executive officer of the

Freedmen's Aid Association of Cincinnati,

that when the troops were withdrawn from

that town, the people in their way notified

the teachers of the three flourishing colored

schools there that they must close their

schools at once. The Association had es-

tablished these schools, and was supporting

them, and would have been glad to con-

tinue doing so, but the citizens would not

We are painfully aware that such discus-

sions as this beween the Journal and our-

selves are, to a certain extent, unfortunate

just now. The public mind, and private

minds too, need to be assuaged: The as-

perities and angles need to be smoothed and

rounded. And it is only because we believe

that the course of the Journal and of those

agreeing with it would, if unrebuked, work

greater mischief than such a discussion

[For the Union Press.]
Guerrillas, or a gang of robbers, are operating again in Meade and Breckinridge counties. Some fifteen or sixteen were last Saturday and Sunday in the neighborhood

of Meadville and Bewleyville, swearing vengence vgainst returned soldiers, white and colored, and all who have been connect-

ed with the Union army, who they say shall not stay in this country if they are not per-

could, that we say anything.

moving the evils of their situation.

of will and judgment.

negroes entertain these false ideas.

they are now reaping the whirlwind.

uthern State we find traces of such a be

ter than anything we can say:

. .

glory in their shame.

ment than he is getting.

The freedmen must be made to feel secure in the rights which have been guaranteed them, or they will be restless and suspicious, and their labor unreliable and unprofitable. Uunfortunatety men are found in the State who go about saying that when the troops are removed, slavery or SODDIERS' HOME.-The buildings occupied heretofore as the Soldiers' Home, are to be sold. See advertisement.

day on the charge of stealing a barrel of flour and a barrel of potatoes from his Different varieties of salt water fish

While the vast majority of the people of Georgia are at all times willing to do right, there are some who think it meritorious to will be served as an extra lunch at Pargny's International Restaurant at 10½ o'clock this (Saturday) morning. abuse the weak and helpless freedmen, and Mr. Allen has bought Wood's Thea-

ter in Cincinnati from Duffied & Flynn. Monday night Manager Duffield takes a farewell complimentary benefit, tendered must inevitably conclude after awhile that by Mr. Allen. SPIRITUALISM .- E. V. Wilson lectures in

at 11 o'clock A. M., and 71/2 P. M. A. B. evil delusions having possession of the freedmen, and General Fullerton says some Whiting, the remaining Sundays of the month at the same hours. of them think that freedom means liberty to be idle. How came they to have these The citizens of Buchanan county, lowa, are getting up petitions to the Legis-New York Post, answers this question betlature to get the name of the county

Temperance Hall, Sunday, November 5th,

(Sunday.) Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M., by the pastor, Rev. W. H. Black. Sabbath school at 9 A. M. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

changed to Lincoln, or some other respect-

that in San Augustine county "the negroes are doing little or no work, about nine-tenths of them are remaining with their A lady, whose name we could not earn, was knocked down by one of Adams Express wagons at the corner of Sixth and Main streets yesterday, about half-past 11 be parcelled out and farms furnished to each of them the coming year. They will remain at their old homes until Christmas, o'clock. The lady was worse scared than hurt.

DISMISSED THE SERVICE.-Chas. E. Norris, the paymaster's clerk, who was arrestproceeds at the same time to show the peo-ple whence this impression or belief origi-nated. Of course "the Abolitionists" are in general blamed for it, as they have been blamed for every bad thing under heaven; ed by the military a few days since, has been dishenorably dismissed the service, and forever barred from holding office in that department.

but the Bulletin explains its origin in a very few words: During the war, when designing politi-Matinee at 2 o'clock this afternoon, Arrah-na-Pogue, at the Louisville Theater. cians wished to fire the Southern heart anew, they told the people that if they did Irish songs and dances. not succeed in secession their lands would

The Western Associated Press will meet in this city on the 22d just. It is neath the blacks, and become hewers of wood and drawers of water. Politicians hoped that every member will be present. The press south are cordially invited to attend the meeting, and we doubt not they find it much to their interes to do so. they were there as carriage-drivers, waiters, and ladies' maids. They heard these things, and reported them to others. The newspapers, containing the same assertions of the control of th

Rev. Dr. Lynn, Pastor of the Brook treet M. E. Church, will deliver a lecture on Sunday evening at 7½ o'clock-a lecture to the young upon modern infidelity. The public, especially the young men of this city, are cordially invited to attend.

Since the construction of the railway

hrough Main street, considerable difficulty

is experienced by pedestrians in crossing

war orators, preachers, and presses, were carried from the political gatherings, par-lors, and dining-tables to the houses of the that thoroughfare. At times we have seen adies wait haif an hour for an opportunity o cross this street. A policeman should be family servants, and from there to the fields. Many of the whites made these as-sertions, and regarded it as rank treason to placed at each crossing to assist pedestrians in crossing. Before the Military Commission yeserday, Tom Henry, the guerrilla, was on

trial. The case has been adjourned until federacy their daughters would be approached with offers of marriage by negroes, it is probable that some negroes heard the address. It was published, and read and discussed in many households throughout this State, and negroes heard and repeated it. After reflecting, sensible man will not be supposed that some of the Tuesday. Gen. Whitaker and Colonel W. R. Kinney are retained as counsel for Henry. The police officers arrested a party

last night who were attempting to pass a

Officer White arrested a negro na saac Bird yesterday who is charged with stabbing another negro, named Lloyd Owens, last Saturday night, in Center street, important than another to the South to-day near Broadway.

counterfeit \$100 Treasury note.

CLUBBING .- THE GREAT MONTHLY AND Weekly.—Harper's Magazine and Harper's Illustrated Weekly are advertised in this morning's PRESS. We will furnish our Weekly (\$2.00) with either of the above (\$4,00) for \$5.50. nov4d&wtf

A SENSATION .- At the Louisville Theater ance, superstition, stupidity and weakness last night, between the first and second pieces, quite a sensation was produced. One of the attachees, drew a pistol on a Mr. ungodly shuffling of the responsibility that McDonough. The lie was passed, and an is aggravating an hundred-fold the diffioutside scene was imminent. We would culties of adjusting and re-establishing the suggest that when the theater is crowded relations of peaceful and prosperous society with ladies, that it would be better that the at the South. God knows, and we know display of a weapon and the use of harsh as well as do the people there, what an inepithets be disposed with, no matter the occasion.

tion there now. We have no disposition The demand for tenement houses to deny any of the facts, not to evade the still continues in our city. Last week quite lessons they teach, but we do think that a number of frame cottages were erected. They are all rented at good rates before they are finished. There is no better or safer investment of surplus capital than in building tenement houses.

> J. E. McDonough and Miss Kuhn, in Arrah-na-Pogue, this afternoon, at the Louisville Theater.

STEALING COTTON .- At present a large quantity of cotton is passing through this city. Hundreds of bales are piled upon the wharf waiting transportation. It offers a very inviting field for thieves to operate, as a pound or two can be stolen from each bale without being missed. Yesterday officers Shanks and Gallagher arrested Catharine Boyle and Mary McTill. who had stolen quite a large pile of cotton from the bales lying upon the levee.

Report of the Superintendent of the Work, Pest and Poor Houses for the year ending October 31, 1865: Work House-Nov. 1, 1864.-Prisoners

work House—Nov. 1, 1864.—Prisoners remaining, 27; prisoners committed, 732; total, 810. Prisoners bailed and discharged, 721. Prisoners eloped, 10. Prisoners died, 3. Prisoners remaining, 76.
Pest House—Nov. 1, 1864.—Patients remaining, 2; patients admitted, 93; total, 95. Patients discharged, 76; patients died, 19; patients remaining 0

patients remaining, 0.
Poor House-Nov. 1, 1864.—Patients renaining,4; patients admitted, 2; total, 6. Patients discharged, 4. Patients died, 1. Total number of days' labor performed by Total number of days' labor performed by the prisoners during the year, 11,414; average daily expenses of prisoners, after deducting officers' salaries, wages of quarry hands and family [expenses, 21½c. per day; average expense of all connected with the institution, including each and every expenditure, 61½ cents per diem.

Total receipts for the year, \$21,299 11; total expenditures, \$17,902 04; excess of receipts over expenditures, \$2,397 06.

JAS. KIRKPATRICK, Sup't.

Per JOHN WYATT.

south side of Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth, at Zahner & Co.'s Saloon. Open for the winter season. The attention of Sharpshooters and others is called to the fact that Turkeys, Ducks, Chickens, &c., will be shot for at the above Gallery, commencing on Saturday, Nov. 4. Mr. Henry Knanff is in personal attendance, and his

STEALING BED CLOTHES .- The mania for tealing bed clothing is raging relentlessly in this city at present. Hardly a day passes but some one is arrested on the charge of Brisbin's absence. stealing bed clothes. Yesterday Thomas Higgins was blaced in jail by officers Hipwell and Sweeney, on the charge of appropriating bed clothes belonging to some one

Wood's THEATER.-There was a very Samuel Watkins was arrested yesterlarge crowd at this theater last night, and The officers arrested a woman charged with they were highly delighted with the play of the offense. She will have an examination the "Workmen of New York." To-night closes the engagement of Miss Laura Keene and Harry Hawk. This afternoon there will be a grand matinee, at which both these talented artists will appear. We advise our readers to go and see the great play of the "Workmen of New York."

Children's festival this afternoon at the Louisville Theater. The only performance of Arrah-na-Pogue.

THE NEW CURRENCY .- The new ten cent currency notes are nearly ready for distribution. They are half an inch longer and a quarter of an inch wider than those now in use. A medallion head of Washington forms the center of the vignette, while on the sides are minute representations of masts of ships, warehouses, &c,; and, on each side of the medallion, in fancy lettering, the figures "10." The signatures of the United States Treasurer, and of the Divine services at the Market street Register of the Treasury are appended to M. E. Church (below Eighth) to-morrow the note. The dress is printed n green, and but little bronze is being used.

> FIRE IN NEW ALBANY .- Thursday night about twelve o'clock a fire broke out in Hains & McCulloch's flouring mill in New Albany. The fire was first discovered in the second story, and as no fire or lights had been used in that part of the building during the day or evening, it is but fair to presume that the conflagration which ensued was the work of an incendiary.

There was a large amount of wheat-over 7000 bushels-flour, ship stuff, and other stock in the building, nearly all of which will prove a total loss. About one hundred and twenty barrels of flour, a lot of empty barrels, and the safe and books of the mill. with a few other articles, were saved. The 7000 bashels of wheat, and a very large amount of other stock, however, will prove almost a total loss.

The stock in the mill was not insured, and Messrs. Hains & McCulloch estimate their loss on the stock of wheat, flour, &c., destroyed, at \$22,000, The total loss on stock and buildings will not be less than \$30,000. On the buildings and machinery there was an insurance of \$7000, divided among three offices.

LOUISVILLE THEATER.—This theater was literally packed last night by the friends of Mrs. Kuhn. The great drama of Colleen Bawn was never presented to better advantage in this city. As Eily O'Connor, Mrs. Kuhn was even better than we anticipated. She charmed the audience by her magnifient singing, and was loudly encored in the 'Cruiskeen Lawn." McDonough played Myles-na-Coppaleen in his usual sprightly manner. Our readers will remember that at the matinee this afternoon the great drama of Arrah-na-Pogue will be presented. This will be the last chance that families and children will have to see this great play. Price of admission, fifty cents; children, twenty-five cents. To-night is the last of the engagement of Mr. John Mc-Donough and Mrs. Kuhn.

M'LLE PAREPA.-This lady, who has created quite a furor in musical circles in the Eastern cities, will appear at Masonic Temple next Tuesday night. The New York press—especially the Tribune—was in ecstacies over this lady's vocation, and was most extravagant in her praise. She will be supported by an efficient corps of

TA young man, a stranger in the city, was knocked down on Market street, between Jackson and Hancock, about midnight Thursday night, by two ruffians, who, no doubt intended to rob him. His cries attracted the attention of some of the residents, who scared the ruffians off. The young man did not reveal his name.

A little girl, the daughter of Ben. Powell, was run over by a hack at the corner of Third and Main streets yesterday morning. James Wallace, the driver of the hack, was arrested. We learn that the accident was unavoidable. The little girl is not seriously injured.

POLICE COURT-Friday Nov. 3.-Charles Wheeler and Fred. Stier, suspected felons \$250 bail for 60 days. Rosa Bell, assaulting Nellie Clayton fine of \$15 was imposed.

M. C. King, obtaining money under false pretenses; continued until to-morrow.

W. F. M. Cannon, stealing silverware worth over \$4 from John Fruqua in Henry County; sent to the authorities there. James Wallace, assault and battery on

Elizabeth Powell; continued till to-morrow. The following persons had imbibed too much and were fined: Lewis Collins, \$7 Peter Joyes, \$10; John Kinkead, \$10 and \$400 bail for four months; Jennie Pierce, \$12; Louisa Harris, \$12.

John W. Wilson stands charged with peddling without license and holding a game of chance; \$300 bail to answer a misdemeanor.

B. F. Grimes, obtaining \$1,652 from W W. Summers; continued till Friday next by consent of both parties. John Savage and Chas. Grant, two soldiers belonging to the 18th Regulars, are

charged with disorderly conduct, and the former with shooting at Mr. Schenk with intent to kill, and without wounding; sent to the military. A. King, who claims to be an officer of the 1st Kentucky Legion, got beastly intox-

icated last night, and was otherwise very disorderly; he was held to bail in \$200 to answer an indictment. A Grand Jury was called for Tuesday the

14th inst.

Thomas Alexander (f. m. c.) stealing a coat from Charles Johnson (f. m. c.); discharged, no witness appearing against him. Robt. Edwards (f. m. c.) drunkenness and disorderly conduct; also carrying concealed a deadly weapon; discharged. Geo. Rollston, alias Lord Isaacs, assault-

ing Foster Smith (f. m. c.); discharged. Wm. Arterburn, stealing \$3 from Nic. Barket; held in \$100 to answer an indictment for petty larceny. John Halleran and Michael Flannigan,

stealing feathers from Mrs. Garrett; continued till fo-morrow. John Kelly, stealing a coat from C. Hilpert; \$300 to answer the charge of felony. Thos. Nadal and Emile Hartman, charged with the murder of Jacob Von Au; con-

tinued for the Commonwealth until to-

morrow morning and peremptory attachments issued against the absent witnesses,

Gen. Brisbin, commanding at Lexington, has gone home on leave of absence Gen. Ward is in command during Gen.

The 18th Regulars left the city yesterday for St. Louis, to report to Gen. Sher-

A young man was "bilked" out of fine watch in Lafayette street last night. this morning.

FURNISHING GOODS.

In our

FUR DEPARTMENT may be found Ladies' and Childrens' Capes, Berthas, Collars, Victorines, Muffs, etc., in all varieties of fur worn, from the simple Coney to the highest priced and darkest Sables. Our stock of Furs was selected from freshly manufactured stocks

below the present values. Persons buying of us can rely on getting such goods as they desire to get, as we call all Furs by their natural, proper names. In Gentlemen's Fur Goods our stock is

in July, and was put in at prices greatly

eemplete. Our GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT, under the immediate care of Mr. N. S Platt, of our firm, has been lately replenished with everything that the utmost care and knowledge of the wants of the market could suggest.

We have spent several weeks among the mporters of Goods in our line, and we feel sure that our stock cannot be equalled in be city. Our

MANUFACTURING DEPARTMENT ontinues in sucessful operation. Shirts and Underwear made to order on shortest notice. In our

HAT DEPARTMENT we keep, as usual with us, all the novelties the market demands, besides a heavy and fine stock of Staple Goods. We continue to make the finest Silk Hats that are worn in the country. We invite all, whether they wish to buy or not, to examine our stock.

GREEN & GREEN. Main and Fourth streets. Louisville, Ky. no4-tf

#### COV'NT AUCTION SALES.

EXTANSIVE SALE OF GOVERNMENT BAILBOAD PROPERTY. Military disvision of the Tennessee, Chief Quarteresser's Office, U.S. M. R. R., Nashville, Tenn., October 3 will be ro'd at public auction, or NOVEMBER 20TH, Will be ro'd at public auction, or NOVEMBER 20TH, 285, at the foot of Pepul vistreet, St. Louis, Mo., Two flat Cars, 5½ foct guage, On NOVEMBER 25TH, 1855, at the vard of the Jefferson-tille Railrond Company, J-ffersonville, Ind., Nine flat Cars, 4 feet 8½ inch guage, On NOVEMBER 27TH, 1855, at the vard of the Jefferson-tille Railrond Company, J-ffersonville, Ry, 311 Car Wheels, 45 pairs Wheels & Axles 17 Oid 4xles, 1 Fair Drivers, 1 Smoke Stack, 1 Fair Drivers, 4 Springs,

1 Smoke Stack,
1 sair Brivers,
1 Parallel Bod,
4 Bell and Frame,
4 Hand Cars,
4 Hand Cars,
50,000 pounds of Scrap Iron,
On DECEMBER IST, 1855, at Memphis, Tenn., the entire stock of the U. S. Military Bailroad Supplies remaining on hand at that place, consisting in part as follows:
80 tuns assorted Iron,
80 tuns assorted Stock,
8 tuns assorted Stock,
9 tuns assorted Stock,
8 tuns assorted Stock, 8 tuns assorted Steel, 1 tun Pig Lead, And a general assortment of small stores, suitable for

railroads.

On DECEMBER 11TH, 1865, at Nashville, Tenn., the entire stock of new and serviceable stores of the U. S. Millitary Kailroad remaining on hand at the General Supply Store, consisting in part as follows:

1,060 tuns assorted Bar Iron, rd. sq. hfrd. Angle,

80 tuns Boi er and Tank Iron,

35 tuns assorted Steel,

-Wrought and Cast,

340 tunsfers from—Wrought and Cast,
25,000 pounds Engine Brass Castings,
543 Pipe,
544 Pipe,
545 Pipe,
546 Pipe,
557 Pipe,
557 Pipe,
557 Pipe,
557 Pipe,
557 Pipe,
557 Pipe,
568 Pires Cocks, of every description,
560 Pipe,
560 Pipe,
578 Pipe,
578 Pipe,
588 Pipe,
588 Pipe,
588 Pipe,
589 Pipe,
589

Nuts,
Washers—wrought and cast,
Washers—wrought and cast,
Sails and Spikes,
Sails and Spikes,
Sails Glass and Paint of all theet Copper and Brass,
Kinds,
Cooking Stoves,
Kailtoad Lamps,
Gooking Stoves & Fixtures, Kelley's Head Lights,
Heating Stoves,
Full sets of Carpenters', Blacksmiths' and Saddlers,
Full sets of Carpenters', Beling, Gum and Leather
Flos, Butts and Serveys, Tinware of all kinds; and almost
every article suitable for rathread operations, all of the
very best quality. Also,
3 large Lathes, Stevens & Bro., Manufacture-s,
2 Planers, Sellers & Co., Manufacture-s,
1 Fait Cutter and I Gear Cutter, Gould & Bro., manufacture,

cut off Lathe, Warner & Whitney,

an Blowers—medium, pright Engine—eight horse power, rip Hammer and Engine, Howell's patent, roomfield eteam Hammer, alters' Staam Hammer,

onsisting of onsisting of carpenters' Tools, Wheelwrights' Tools, Machinia Machinia Bana, ( Stoves and Pipe, Rope, Chains, etc., etc.

Stoves and Pipe, Rope, Chains, etc., etc.
Catalogues of the mater als to be sold in Nashville can be obtained by apelication to Cast. S. R. Hamill, A.Q. M., and of that at Memphs on application to Captain John Parks, A. Q. M.

The attention of dealers and Railread Computer of Captain John Parks, A. Q. M.

d of that he actual response to the transfer of the transfer o

SUNDRIES.

Cider --- Sweet Cider! 10 BARRELS VERY CHOICE SWEET CIDER FROM tichigan, received this day and for sale by ABNER COOPER, 314 Main street. Kelly Island Grapes.

AM DAILY RECEIVING CHOICE CATAWBA Grapes, put up for family use, and will keep sometime. no4-6t ABNER COOPER, 314 Main street. Batting! Batting! Batting!

WE HAVE CONSTANT YON HAND A LARGI stock of No 1 satting, masufactured by the Louis ville Batting Factory—superior to any in this narket The highest price paid for loose and camaged cotton. DORN, EARKHOUSE & CO. Sole Agents Louisvil le Batting Mill 157 West Main str

# RELICIOUS NOTICE.

#### CHRISTIAN CHURCE IN NEW YORK.

WEST TWENTY-EIGHTH ST., NEAR BROADWAY our Brethren in Christ Jesus, to whom these presents may come, we send Love and Christain Salutation: may come, we send Love and Christain Salutation:

DEAR BRETHREN: By the gracious previdence of our fleavenly Father, we have succeeded in getting a new and commodious bouse of wor hip in this great city.

Our new edifice is no one of the most pleasant and accessible localities, being botween the Fifth and Sixth Avenues, undisturbed by the din of business, and yet conveniently near to all the printipal stopping places, by means of street railway and omnibus communication.

The building is a fine one and well adapted to our necessities, and we desire that it shall be a pleasant place of worship for all our breakness which was all the appearance of worship for all our breakness who may visit the metropolis. The object of the scircular is to invite our brethren from every part of the country, who may visit New York, to come and worship with us. We invite the attention all to the grand emergies of building up the interests of the Redeemer's Kingdom in this, the largest, city on this continent. in the transfer of the transfe

New York October, 1865.

WANTED.

WANTED-AL! YOUNG MEN-WISHING TO BE TELLGRAPH OPERATORS to come at once to Bryant, Straiton & Jelian's Louisville and Cinciunati Colleges. These are the best and largest in the country.

AMUSEMENTS.

Louisville Theater.

Positively last appearance of J. E. McDONOUGH and SOPHIE GIMBER KUHN. TWO GRAND PERFORMANCES TO-DAY-AF-TERNOON AND EVENING.

This (Saturday) afternoon, at 20'clock, will be re-ARRAH-NA-PGUE; or, THE WICKLOW WEDDING. ....J. E. McDonough CO AT NIGHT-Bouckault's drama of the COLLEGN BAWN; or, The Brides of Gabryowen.

FO To conclude with the Ledger story of the GUN-MAKER OF MOSCOW. Cast with the strength of the cempany

Commonday evening, the great artists. M'LLE MARIE ZOE, and the celebrated paatomimist HARRY GIL-BERT.

# WOOD'S THEATER.

Saturday evening, Nov. 4, will be presented the

WORKMEN OF NEW YORK. Martha Savage Miss Laura Keene Mick Morgan Harry Hawl Grand Matinee at 2 o'clock-Miss Laura Keene and Harry Hawk in the WORKMEN OF NEW YORK. Monday, the brilliant and beautiful actress, MISS JENNIE BIGHT. JENNIE HIGHT.
PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Press Circle and Parquette, 7%;
Private Boxes, \$5; Second Tier, 40c.

### MASONIC TEMPLE The Bateman Concerts.

MR. H. L. BATEMAN RESPECTSULLY AN-TUESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 7.

n which occasion he will have the honor to introd he citizens of Louis-illo M'LLE EUPHROSYNE PAREPA.

The unrivaled Prima Donna. The critic of the New York Times calls hat "a great, a grand, an undestable artist," and "a singer whose equal we have not had for many, many years." MR. J. LEVY,

Who is pronounced by the unanimous voice of the public and press of London and Paris, New York and Beston the GREATEST and FINEST CORNET PLAYER living HERR CARL ROSA,

Kappelmeister of Hamburg, and Solo Vi linist of dis-An ORCHESTRA composed of the best performers, un-

HERR CARL ANSCHUTZ. CHANGE OF PROGRAMME EACH EVENING. ## Admission \$1. No extra charge for reserved seats. lickets to be had at D. P. FAULDS Music store, on Main

### MASONIC TEMPLE. LECTURE

BAYARD TAYLOR, The celebrated Traveler, at Masonic Tempi MONDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 6. SUBJECT: RUSSIA AND THE RUSSIANS.

\$55 Admission, 50 cents. Poors open at 7% o'clock.

\$55 Tickets to be had at the music store of D. P. Fauld's and the bock store of Bradley & Gilbert.

no3-3t BOOK TRADE.

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."

"The Best, Cheapest, and most successful

Family Paper in the Union."

HARPER'S WEEKLY. SPLESDIDLY ILLUSTRATED.

CRITICAL NOTICES OF THE PRESS. "The best Family Paper published in the United States.

Now London Advertiser.

"The Model Rewey. Per of our country—complete in all he departm—nts of an American Family Paper—Harrra's Weekly Has acreed for itself a right to its title, "A DOUR-NAL OF CLVILIZATION," "—New York Evening Post, "This Paper furni hes THIS BEST HLUSTRATIONS. Our future historians wid enrich themselves out of Harrer's Weekly long after writers, and painters, and publishers are turned to dust "—New York Evan elist.

"A necessity in every household," "—Bost on Transcript.

"It is at once a leading political and historical annalist of the nation," "—Piladelphia Press."

"The best of its class in America."—Boston Traveller. "The best Family Paper published in the United States."

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1866. The Publishers have perfected a system of making by which they can supply the Magazine and Werely promptly to those who project to receive their periodicals directly from the Office of Publication. Fostmatters and others desirous of getting up Clubs will be supplied with a handome pictorial Show-bill on application

The postage on HARPER'S WEEKLY is 10 cents a year,

# which must be paid at the subscriber's post office.

each. A complete Set, comprising Eight Volumes, sent receipt of cash at the rate of \$5 25 per volume, freight at pense of purchaser. Address

HARPER & BROTHERS, Franklin Square, New York. "Unquestionably the best Sustained Work of the kind in the World,"

# HARPER'S NEW MONTHLY-MAGAZINE

CRITICAL NOTICES OF THE PRESS.

It is the foremost Magazine of the day. The fireside ever had a more delightful companion, for the million a nore enterprising friend, than Harper's Magazine.—lethodist Protestant (Saltimore.)

The most popular Monthly in the world.—New York theoryer. The most popular Monthly in the world.—New York Observer.

We must refer in terms of ealegy to the high tone and varied excellences of Harfer's Magazine—a journal with a monthly circulation of about 170,000 conies—in whose pages are to be found some of the choicest light and general reading of the day. We speak of this work as an evidence of the American people; and the popularity it has acquired is merited. Each number contains felly 144 rages of reading matter, appropriately illustrated with good wood cuts; and it combines in itself the race monthly and the more philosophical quarterly, blendid with the bist features of the daily journal. It has great power in the dissemination of a love of pure literature—Trubner's Guide to American Literature, London.

The volumes bound constitute of themselves a library of miscellaneous reading such as can not be found in the same compass in any other publication that has come under our notice.—Boston Courser.

> SUBSCRIPTIONS. I866.

The Fublishers have perfected a system of mailing by which they can supply the MAGAZINE and WEEKLY prompt. ly to those who prefer to receive their periodicals directly from the Office of Publication. The postage on HARPER'S MAGAZINE is 24 cents a year, which must be paid at the subscriber's post office.

TERMS:

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, one year... 

# AUCTION SALES.

BY THOS. A. MORGAN. Desirable Third Street Lot AT AUCTION.

ON MONDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1885, ABOUT THE hour of e.even o'clock A. M. I will sell at anction at the Court house door, a lot 34 feet front by 161 feet deep, on the east side of Third, between Walnut and Madison streets, and is the lot adjoining Clary; Chuich.

Teres—One-balf cash, he balance in tw-lve mooths, with interest and lien.

THOS. A. MORGAN, no3-td

Sale of Government Buildings. WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION ON THE premises, at 10 o'clock A. M., November 9, 1865, the BUILDINGS and Fances comprising the EIGHTH STREET DEPOT,

Louisville, Ky., consisting of Etables, Sheds, Workshops, Mess Houses, and many other burker gs.

A full description of the property will be given on the lay of sale.

Terms—Cach in United States Currency.

By order of the feeretary of War.

J. H. BELCHEB,

Capt. & A. Q. M.

Tell Ten Thousand People at Once by Advertising in the Daily Press.

CANDIDATE.

#### H. M. McCARTY respectfully anzounces himself to the members of the Kentucky State Legislature as a can didate for re-election to the office of State Binder. se7-to

WANTED.

WANTED-A SITUATION.—A YOUNG MAN, A good accountant and first class correspondent wants a situation; understands French, and is well acquainted through town. Address "SIM," Press office. no.3-21\*

WANTED - COAT-MAKERS. - APPLY IMMEDITED at No. 198 Main street, between Fifth and Sixth. [nol-44\*] HABVEY & BROWN. ANTED.—YOUNG MEN OF LOUISVILLE TO whose that Bryant, Stratton & DeHan's Louisville and Clocineati Business and Teigraph Colleges are tetakasses and asser in America. None but the best teachers employed. Any person sending the names of iwelve young men or soldiers who have not attended a commecial college will receive magnificent specimen's of DeHan's writing. Young men write to-day.

A GENTS TO CANVASS KENTUCKY AND TENNESSEE for the tireat New Work, "PLTROLEUM V. NASBY PAPERS," published by E. W. Carrell & Co. This book must have a larger creulation than any book ever sold by subscription, owing to its originality and humor. There is no similar work in the field, to that agents will find this a glorious opportunity, if they embrace it soon. The work is printed, engraved, and bound in the highest style of art, and contains \$00 pages of well-written matter. Applicants will state experience. They may either send for circulars, or, if they wish to commune at once, inclosed \$1.25 for order-book and \$2 for sample copy. We give the highest terms of any house in America. No charges for books and exclusive rights given as to territory.

\*\*General Agent, Louisville, Ky. Knoxville Whig and Nashrille Press and Times copy and send bill to this office.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE-FARM, -I HAVE FOR SALE 150 ACRES the land is cleared, and the balance is in wood. I will the place cheap and on easy terms. One-fifth call also payable in five years.

Fire Engines for Sale. BY DIRECTION OF THE GENERAL COUNCIL, I will sell four hand fire engines and two hose carriages, belonging to the city. For terms, etc., call at my office.

PHILIP TOMPPEGT,

Mayor.

POB SALE—LAND.—NINE ACRES OF BRAUTIFUI I land, well improved, on Twenty-list heret, between Main street and the Portland Bailway. Also, 3% acres with frame cottage upon it, one square south, and squares west of same. Apply at the Drug Store, corner soventh and Market streets.

BENJ. F. ALFOED. FOR SALE-TWO BRICK HOUSES-TWO STORIE

each, four rooms and servants rooms on Chestnut, be ween Second and Third streets. Appy to FRANK CAR ER, or D. S. BENEDICT & SONS. feb28-tf FOR RENT.

FOR RENT-A THREE STORY HOUSE-ON THE north side of Seventh, second door above Walnut street, newly papered and cargeted. The house has 7 good sized ro-m, bende kitchen and servant's room; with gas throughout and hydrant. For further particulars inquire at 265 Main street, between Seventh and Eighth. no2-3t\*

nat well known stand corner of Eighth and Jefferson streets. We will sell the whole or a part of our stock of [no2-3t\*] HARRIS, McGREW & CO.

### LOST.

OST-CHILD, -ABOUT TEN DAYS AGO A LIKELY little black boy, named Peter, neatly dressel, and also quite handsome in appearance. He was not seen it the vicinity of First and Green streets, while passing through the city. Hi-mother is now living with Dr. Waller, in Shelbyville. Ky. A liberal reward will be paid for his delivery to J. W. Shockeney, Second street, be erson, Louisville, Ky.
MES. SOPHIA LYLE.

#### FOUND.

FOUND-A BRASS DOOR KEY,-THE OWNER CAN get it at this office by paying for the advertisement.

### BOARDING.

BOARDING.—TWO FINE UNFURNISHED ROUMS can be had with board in a quiet and agreeable neighborhood, and within 2½ squares of the post office. Two gentlemen with wives will find the conforts of a home at moderate prices, by calling at No 18 East street, near Green. A few single gentlemen can also be accommodated with board, by day or week.

DRY COODS.

# NEW YORK STORE BUILDING,

Nos. 109 and 111 Fourth street. Between Market and Jefferson.

TAVING TAKEN THE BUILDING ADJOINING us, and made it a part of our Store, we have increased

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

# GOODS

proportionately, and are now offering superior induc MENTS to purchasers at either WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

50 CASES BEST PRINTS at 25 to 30 cts; 10 CASES PRINTED DELAINES at 35 cts;

5 CASES YARD WIDE ENGLISH CHINTZ at 25 cts; 50 BALES AND CASES BLESCHED AND BROWN COTTONS.

We have too many FLANNELS of every kind, que ity, color and description, and can say the same of our HOSIERY, GLOVE and UNDERWEAR stock, which we intend offering to the trade this week at less prices that we ever did before.

The handsomest stock of SILKS of all colors and DRESS GOODS of all fashions we are offering at about

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, JEANS, LINSEYS, &c., for men's, boys' and servants' wear, together with every description of LADIES' CLOTH CLOAKS, WOOL SHAWLS, KNIT SHAWLS, NUBIAS, SOSTAGS SCARFS, &c. We have a superior stock, and will sell them at LESS PRICES THAN ANYBODY.

S. BARKER & CO.

# PROPOSALS.

Sale of Soldiers' Home Buildings. DPOPOSALS WILL BE FECKIVED BY THE KEN-tucky Branch of the United States Sanitary Cammis-sion for the Soldiers' Home Euildings on Broadway, be-tween Ninth and Tenth streets, until WEUNESDAY EVENING, STE INST.; the buildings to be removed without delay. thout delay.

The Commission reserves the right to reject any or all many more new ones.

the bids.

Mr. Scott, Euperintendent, will be at the Home, and will show the buildings to any one desiring to purchase.

Bids may be left with Mr. Scott, or at the store of W. Bolkmap & Co.

10.44t

PROPOSALS FOR THE
BURIAL OF DECEASED SOLDIERS.
Scaled proposals will be received at the Assistant Quartermaster's Office, corner of First and Main streets, till
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 47H, 1865, for the burial of all
the deceased in the service of the United States, in and
about the city of Louisville, Ky., for the period of eix
months.

months.

Bids to cover the entire expense of burial, as follows:
To furnish coffins neatly stained and varnished, remove
the bodies to place of interment, in light covered spring
wagons, with the coffins covered with the United States wagons, with the coffins covered with the United States flag, dig the graves not less than flue feet deep, with vauit covered with boards, put up head board to each grave, with name, rank, company and regiment of de-cased, together with place of birth and date of death, neatly panies thereon, with such other minor details as may be required by the Quartermaster having the same in charge.

Bonds for the faithful performance of contract will be required of the successful bidder. The Government reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

J. H. BELCHER, Ceptain and A. Q. M.

Ass't Q. M. Office, Louisville, Ky., Oct. 31. oc31-td

PROPOSALS FOR STILL FOOD. Office of the Kentucky Bourbon Co.

NO. 157 MAIN STREET. This company will, commence the distribution of grain on the 15th of December next, and will turn out from their works on the upper part of Main street, ten thousand (10,000) barrels of stillfood (alon) per week suitsblood (10,000) barrels of stillfood make engagements for such food er the undersigned at the Company's LEWIS STERNE, Cen'l Supt. JUL DORN, Ass't Treasurer.

BLUESTONE—
3000 pounds Bluestone;
5 barrels Alum;
Just received by [no3-2t] GABDNER & CO.

# EVERYBODY TAKE NOTICE! THE DAILY PRESS

The Press is the Official Paper of the United States for the State of Kentucky and the Southern portion of Indiana and

A WORD TO ADVERTISERS.

Our circulation is rapidly increasing, which renders the Press one of the best divertising mediums in the State. We tope our friends will send in their adertisements.

GUR AGENTS,
Hale & Bro., L., N. A. & C. B. R.
Unas. L. Wedding, Atty. at Law,
Rockpor Ind.

S. Saim, Troy, Ind.
S. Saim, Troy, Ind.
Samuel Feland, Postmaster, Hopkinsville, By.
S. M. Pettingili & Oc., Park Bow, Ecw Lora
D. G. Venable, Frankfort, Ky.
J. S. Bean, Bowling Green, Ky.
Thomas Boardman, New Albany,
Tonsiee & Oc., New York, Beckman street,
Dr. J. Polk, Perryville, Ky.

VILLE. Our former agent, Mr. Sternberg, has disposed of his business to C. H, Paddock, whose kendquarters are A. Carr's store, southeast corner of Spring and Front streets. Mr. Paddack is a reliable and responsible gentleman, and having proven himself a good soldier of the Republic deserves the encouragement which he will doubtless receive from our trans

THE UNION PRESS IN JEFFERSON-

By referring to the printed terms on our first page, it will be seen that we have Last Moments of Lord Palmerston reduced the price to both city and mail subscribers.

BOOK TRADE.

# LORING'S NEW JUVENILES.

THE BOYS A CHEQUASSET.

By the author of "Faith Gartney's Girlhood," and "The Gayworthys." 2 illustrations, Handsome cloth. Full gilt backs. Price, \$1 25,

Eleven thousand copies of "Faith Gartney's Girlhood," and four rhousand of "The Gayworthys," have been sold already. Every reader of those charming books will want to see this—written for boys from ten upwerd, it is a "nealthy story," and "the best Boy's book written, jolly and true to life, teaching silently but perfectly—faithfulness, order.

PAUL PRESCOTT'S CHARGE By Heratio Alger. Jr., author of "Frank's Campaign. 2 illustrations, Fancy cloth, Full gilt backs, Price, \$125. He knows them thoroughly, and understands how to accuse, faccinate and instruct them. The career of as Orehan, with a charge given him by his dying father to fulfill, is the subject chosen; and the noble lessons he teaches it so attractive a form, will tell upon every child and parent.

#### COUNTESS KATE.

By Miss Yonge. Author of "The Heir of Redcliffe." illustrations, Fancy cloth, Full gilt backs, Price, \$125 No writer has a greater popularity in America and England, or knows better how to fascinate her readers. The will of pride is the lesson taught in this charming story, which every young miss will read with the greatest pleasure and profit.

The Little Gentleman in Green:

A Fairy Story for Boys and Girls. illustrations. Fancy cloth. Gilt backs. Price, \$1

#### FRANK'S CAMPAIGN.

2 illustrations, Neat cloth. Price, \$1 25.

This is one of the best boy's books ever written, and has a great reputation with the boys that have read it. In their expressive language, they call it "A DULLY STORY," and you all know bow much this means with them. It is a real live boy's book, tall of fun, generous impulse, earnest will, checked by just such hindrances as ordinarily occur in maily life. Alger, like Oliver Optic, always writes "healthy books." Second Edit on of

The Adventures o French Boy. Neat fancy cloth. Il gilt b cks. Price, \$1 25.

Rost lancy cloth. Inglit 0, car. Fitte, et al., 2 can Belin, the hero is a stray waif picked up in the trees of Paris, cold an 1 starving, latrodaced to a human overseer of a large factory, brought up and assoriting with his family, joins a band of colonist-bound for eylon, is ship wroked, and, with four others, washe pon the coast of Africa. After a lite of strange vicisindes and thrilling adventures, he returns to Paris, later with wordly fortune, and meets the reward all story lovers so delight in—the love of a noble girl. It is written as companion to "Swiss Family Robinson," and wilt all vays receive the same favor.

#### SUNSETSTORIES HELEN ROTHSAY.

Neat cloth. Price, 75c. This is a very delightful and ingenious story for lads and misses, teaching the delights there are in cultivating the imagination by playing at "make believe games," and not relying for exportment upon tops and games which soon tire.

DOLL LIFE.

Price, 75c. The common house doll, the genteel doll, and the walking dell, each have their biography written out in the nost facinating manner.

Little girls will enjoy it hugely.

For Young Ladies just growing into womanhood, there are no books more farcinating than FAITH GARTNEY'S GIRLHOOD

Margaret and her Bridesmaids,

A story of the fortubes of four protty school girls. All of these Books can be bought in Louisville.

LORING, Publisher,

319 Washington street, Boston.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

REMOVAL.

HAVE REMOVED MY MUSIC STORE FROM Fourth to Nos. 92 and 94, south side of JEFFER SON STREET, BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH, third door below Third Street, where I hope to see all of my old friends and patrons, and make

LOUIS TRIPP,

(Late TRIPP & CRAGO.) Louisville, October 21, 1865.

# INK.

# DR. EELL'S WRITING FLUID.

Dr. Eells' Writing Fluid. The ink manufactured by Dr. S. W. Eells at this place, is fast working itself into public favor. Wherever it is tried, it is pronounced the best made in this country, and equal to Arnold's celebrated inks. Read the following certificate from the Fourth Auditor of the Treasury Department, at Washington. The Dr. has shown us the original certificate, and we can vouch for its genuineness.-Mansfield (O.) Herald.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

FOURTH AUDITOR'S OFFICE, July 14, 1865.

I hereby certify that I have been using, for some timpast, in my office, Dr. S. W. Felis Ins, both his writing and copying fluids, manufactured at Mansfield, Ohio and that I am highly pleased with it, and consider it equal in every respect, if not superior, to Arnold's imported ink, and I think less liable to mould.

I therefore recommend it as worthy the attention of the Government Departments in Washington, and all persons who desire a really superior article of ink of American manufacture.

STEPHEN J. W. TABOR, Fourth Auditor.

BY TELEGRAPH.

REGULAR MIDNIGHT REPORT.

The Approach of the Cholera.

Number of Cases on the Steamer

Atlanta.

20 Deaths During Her Voyage.

Meeting of the Health Commissioners of New York.

President's Dispatch to the Governor of Georgia.

Additional News from Europe by the Java.

The Cholera Raging in Paris.

Another Meeting of Holders of Rebel Bonds.

The Cholera on the Steamship Atlanta--Later Accounts of the Disease.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3 .- Later accounts from the steamship Atlanta state that the passengers of the Atlanta, num-bering 552, were principally Germans, ex-cepting the cabin passengers, of whom there were 48. The vessel had taken nearly all the latter on board at London. She also took on part of the steerage passengers at London; but she stopped at Havre, where more passengers were received. The persons who brought the cholera on board came from Havre. On the first day after the Atlanta went to sea, one of them, a child, was attacked and died. On the fol-lowing day others became sick, but the dis-None of the cabin passengers were in the least degree affected by it. The cases of sickness numbered, as is reported elsewhere, from 50 to 60, and there were 15 death. deaths. The steerage passengers on the Atlanta did not know till they arrived at this port that the disease that was among them was the cholera. Some of the most them was the cholera. Some of the most intelligent among them suspected, but the physician carefully withheld positive information from them, fearing the effect of excitement. It is thought this accounts for the fact that only 15 of the 500 persons exposed to the disease died of it. The passengers manifested very little anxiety. They did not seem to be much alarmed, even efter they learned the nature of the

even after they learned the nature of the epidemic of which they were suffering.

The dead were buried soon after they breathed their last; they were not in any case kept more than an hour. The Assistant Malika. ant Health officer was conducted to the steerage of the Atlanta between nine and ten o'clock last evening. There was no light except that which came from a lan-tern, and only one of the passengers could be seen at a time. They were not separated but were in births as they had been placed. Two of the number were in a state of convalesence; others were in first stages of cholera. There were no unusual sights, but a few persons were groaning. This af-ternoon the Assistant Health officer ordered the Atlanta to the lower bay, where she now is, 15 miles from this city. The hospital ship, known as the Florence Nightin-gale, has been ordered to her station, and patients will be removed to her and treated

for on board. who has charge of the patients on the Atlanta. The number of deaths up to three o'clock this evening is 19; the number of clock this evening is 19; the number of cases on board at the time was more than

The Cholera --- Meeting of Health Com-missioners of New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3 .- A special meeting of the Health Commissioners was held at noon to-day, in consequence of the reported presence of the cholera. The committee appointed at the last meeting to draft a me-morial, petitioning the General Government for the use of the lands of Sandy Hook, for a quarantine, represent the necessity of a rigid quarantine in several of the ports of he country, to guard against the introduction of the cholera; that the authorities of New York, are without a proper place to establish a quarantine, to meet the antici-pated emergency in this dilemma. They earnestly request the General Government to grant, for a temporary quarantine ground, so much of the lands as shall be necessary, now owned by the Government

at Sandy Hook, in the Lower Bay. The memorial was adopted. Drs. Sayres and Erson, and Mayor Cleveland, were appointed a committee to pro-ceed to Washington and lay the matter beore the Government. The ship Rhine, from London, had no

The Cholera on the Atlanta---Fifteen Deaths out of Fffty or Sixty Cases Dur-

ing Her Passage. NEW YORK; November 3 .- Dr. Burdell, Quarantine Surgeon, reports that fifteen deaths by cholera, out of fifty or sixty cases on board the steamer Atlanta, occurred on the passage from Brest. There are also a few cases of smallpox on board the steamer

Steamer at Quarantine--Cholera Reported Among Her Passengers. NEW YORK, Nov. 3 .- The steamer At-

lanta, from London, arrived last night and was ordered to the lower quarantine, in consequence of sickness among her passen-gers. It is rumored at Staten Island that eight deaths occurred on board from the

From Nashville .- The Case of Dick Mc-

Cann. NASHHILLE, Nov. 3 .- Hon. H. H. Harrison, Attorney General of Tennessee, de-livered his speech in the United States Cir-cuit Court to-day, against granting the writ of habeas corpus in the case of Dick McCann. The decision will probably be

reached Monday next.

The cotton market is dull to-day, though there were large arrivals, and prices range from 46c to 47c. A sale of 105 bales was made at 45c yesterday. Receipts to-day were 512 bales. Shipment, 320. The market closed firm.

The river is swelling slightly with twenty inches on the shoals.

Fenian Excitement in Canada, NEW YORK, Nov. 3, '65.--The Herald's dispatch, Toronto, C. W., says: The Fenian excitement still continues. Quite a number of private soldiers are under arrest for sympathizing with the Fenians. The city and its approaches are picketed. Many Ameri-cans are preparing to leave for the States; numbers of Orangemen are arriving for the defense of this district.

The Canadian Brotherhood have a fast

steamer ready for armament.

It is reported that a number of officials of the Government are engaged in a conspira-The military preparations are going for-

South Carolina Legislature. COLUMBIA, S. C., November 2.—The Legis lature will continue in session until the middle of December.

Steamer Disabled. FORTRESS MONROE, Nov. 3.—The steamer Baltimore, from New York to Washington, was towed in from Cape Henry to-day, disabled by the breaking of her propeller.

Cause of the St. John Disaster.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Last Monday lessrs. John M. Weexs and John Hopper, steamboat inspectors, took m sures to investigate the cause of the St. John's explo Mr. H. entered the steamer an sion. Mr. H. entered the steamer and saw at once the cause was a defect in the iron near the point where the flange was turned. The defect must have been imperceptible at the time when the Government inspection

was made. Considerable testimony had been elicited considerable testimony had been elicited with a view to thoroughly investigate cause of the explosion. Mr. Wright, second engineer of the St. John, testified that there was about twenty-eight pounds of steam in the boiler; had never discovered indications of weakness in the boiler; saw no one select in the engine room.

tions of weakness in the boiler; saw no one asleep in the engine-room.

The foreman of the boiler-shop at the Delameter Works, who has been in the business for twenty years, testified he examined the exploded boiler. He would consider the boiler well built and properly braced. He thinks the boiler safe to carry forty pounds of steam.

Wm. Fletcher examined the boiler. He thinks the cause of the explosion was the Wm. Fletcher examined the boiler. He thinks the cause of the explosion was the continual working of the iron from expansion and contraction, or the continual pulsation in this part of the boiler. He does not think there was any original defect in in the iron. He thinks there was plenty water in the boiler at the time of the explosion

More About the St. John's Disaster sion.

The chief engineer of the St. John, Jas. Hook, was off watch at the time of the explosion, going soon after 1 A. M. He left about twenty-five pounds of steam on when he went off. The boilers were contracted for in 1864, and put in in July, 1865. The boilers were built under his supervision, and he thought them properly constructed. He thinks the explosion occurred by the continual relieving of the boiler red by the continual relieving of the boiler from pressure in taking steam in the cyl-

Other testimony was taken, and the investigation is being continued. The conlusions are that the explosion was caused by a defect in the boiler.

The Lost Steamer Republic --- Sufferings of a Portion of the Crew. NEW YORK, Nov. 3 .- The steamer Eutope has arrived from Havana. Her news has been anticipated. The steamer Empire City, from Hilton

Head, reports the arrival, on the 30th ult., of the steamers Edward Everett and Gen. Moorehead City.

Among the passengers by the Empire City are eight of the crew and two passengers of the lost steamer Republic. The passengers are—Captain B. F. Ryer, of the 20th N. V. battery and Mrs. Connery. 20th N. Y. battery, and Mrs. Connery. The names of the crew are as follows: Edw.

Ryan, second mate; P. Fleming, Charles Collins, and N. Nash, firemen. J. Quinn and J. Creelin, seamen; J. Wells and P. Maloney, waiters.
Captain Ryer reports that he left the ves sel, with the others above named, in the captain's gig—a small four-cared boat—in company with three larger boats. They became separated in the night. At times the boat was half full of water. The remained four nights and three days with out food or water, at the mercy of the winds and waves. Their sufferings were terrible. They were about giving up hope when a sail hove in sight, and they were soon picked up by the schooner Harper, Captain Coombs, from Brocksport, and taken to Hilton Head. Though exhausted and much emaciated when rescued, owing to the careful attention they received while on board the schooner and at Hilton Head, they are now doing well.

Additional from Europe-The Ministry-Cholera in Paris. NEW YORK, Nov. 3 .- The Times thinks that should Earl Russell fail in forming a Ministry, a coalition between the different sections of the Liberals will become necessary, and that Lord Granville will proba-bly be the person under whom the greatest number of men will serve. The political news is unimportant.

American advices received by the steam-

er had little or no effect upon the markets.
The Paris papers state that the cholera remains stationary. The Emperor visited the Hotel Dien to satisfy himself that proper care and attention was bestowed on the cholera patients.

Garibaldi had declined a nomination to the Italian Parliament, offered by Turin.

Liverpool, Oct. 21.—Cotton: sales to-day
10,000 bales, including 3,000 bales to speculators and experters. The market closed lators and exporters. The market closed dull and unchanged. Breadstuffs firmer

with a slight advance. Provision firm and stock scarce. Consols closed at 89@89\(\frac{1}{2}\) for money. United States 5.20's 64@64\(\frac{1}{2}\). Illinois Central 84: Erie 571@58 is not in a position to state the precise character of the ministerial arrangements, but no obstacles prevail in regard to them, and

that a satisfactory formation of the Minis-

try is expected.

The Observer says that nothing definite will transpire until after Lord Palmerston's funeral. As little change as possible will be made before the meeting of Parliament. The Paris Bourse closed firm yesterday at 67t. 97c. for rentes, It is stated M. Mirode, the Papal Minis-

ter of War, has not resigned, but has obtained leave of absence. It is reported that the Papal army is much disorganized. The Georgia Rebel Debt .--- Another Dis-

patch from the President.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3 .- The Raleigh Reoublican has the following:
MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., Nov. 1st, '65 The following highly important dispatch from the President of the United States, has been received here by Gov. Johnson: EXECUTIVE MANSION, Washington, Oct. 18th, 1865.—Jas, Johnson, Provisional Governor, Milledgeville Ga.—Your dispatch has been received. The people of Georgia should not hesitate one single moment in repudiat-ing every single dollar of debt, for the purpose of aiding the rebellion against the government of the United States. It will ot do to levy and collect taxes from a State and people that are loyal and in the Union, to pay a debt that was made to take them out, and subverting the Constitution of the United States. I do not believe the great mass of people of the State of Georgia, when left uninfluenced, will ever submit to the payment of a debt which was the main cause of bringing on them, past and present sufferings the result of the rebellion. Those who invested their capital in the creation of this debt, and it is one of the inevitable results of the rebellion, though it may seem hard to them, it should, at once, be made known, at home and abroad, that no debt

contracted for the purpose of dissolving can or ever will be paid by taxes levied on the people for such a purpose.
(Signed,) ANDREW JOHNSON

Pres'd't of the U.S.

Shooting Match. BUFFALO, November 3 .- It is reported over the telegraph line that in the shooting match at Syracuse, of one hundred double birds, Taylor was three birds ahead at two number of birds shot at so far is not stated.

LATER The pigeon match for \$1000, between Taylor and Robert Newell, of Buffalo, at fifty double birds, was won by Taylor, who scored 98 and Newell 94.

The Cholera on the Atlanta -- No Cause for Alarm.

New York, Nov. 3.—Of the scourge on board the Atlanta the Commercial says though the disease has been imported to

Railroad Time Changes. New York, Nov. 3.—There will be important changes in the time tables of the Hudson River and Harlem railroads on

Monday, November 6.

The Gazette de France, of October 20, says the Pope has resolved to establish in England a second Archbishopric, of which the seat will be Liverpool or Birmingham.

Fifth Ohio Cavairy.

Richmond, Nov. 3.—The 5th Ohio cavalry arrived here to-night from North Carolina, en route to Camp Chase, to be mustered out.

The demand for dwelling-houses in Washington is unprecedented, and fabulous rents are asked and paid.

aboard was broken by ac They lost all their cloth and were nearly naked. The steamship Cathar Max Maretzek recently preferred charges against Wm. Caldwell and Horace D. Whitney, editors of the New York Sunday Mercury, for publishing malicious libels. Yesterday these gentlemen were arrested, gave bail in \$5000 each to appear before the Court of Sessions, and were discharged.

Longstreet--Hooker's Staff--Activity at Fenian Headquarters.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.-Gen. Longstreet arrived in this city yesterday, and is stopping at the Metropolitan Hotel. Major General Hooker has reduced his

staff in compliance with recent orders from the War Department.

There is a continued bustle and activity at the Fenian headquarters in this city. The rooms are constantly crowded. A report says the Brotherhood has reached a port says the Brothernood has reached a state of perfect organization. Every possible precaution has been taken to keep the deliberations of the Senate secret. Armed sentinels are stationed at the entrance to the room occupied by the Senate.

Secretary Wells will urge in the forthcoming report some Congressional enact-ment for the promotion of meritorirus ap-

pointees. From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, Nov. 3.—The 5th regular, U. S. A., have relieved the 3d Pennsylvania artillery on garrison duty at this The U. S. sloop of war Tuscora arrived this morning to join the fleet for San Francisco. She is expected to sail as soon as the weather will permit.

Reply to Earl Russell. WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.-The Intelligencer says the Secretary of State is engaged in preparing a reply to the dispatch of Earl Russell regarding the proposed commission indicated in his Lordship's letter to Minister Adams, for the adjudication of certain points at issue between the two Govern-ments. It is said the subject has been con-

sidered at several Cabinet meetings.

November -3 A. M.

The London Times Favors Gladstone for the Premiersnip--Last Moments of Lord Palmerston. NEW YORK, Nov. 3 .- In the foreign files New York, Nov. 3.—In the foreign files received by the Java the London Times favors the appointment of Gladstone to the Premiership. It says the country has a right to expect the services of men who have attained but not passed the period of their full intellectual vigor. Lord Russell is seventy-three years of age; he has ex-hausted the various offices; he has received the highest honors the Crown can bestow, and his aspirations may now be fairly settled. Lord Clarendon, who may be considered another candidate for the office, is some years younger than Lord Russell, but though an experienced and able diplomat-ist, his official life has probably made him more conversant with the ways and manners of foreigners than of his own country men, and he has at least given no proo that he possesses those sympathies with English ideas and habits which Lord Pal-

merston so pre-eminently displayed and without which no Minister can be popular without which no Minister can be popular in this country.

The London Daily Telegraph says, the members of Lord Palmerston's family were by no means prepared for so abrupt a termination of his illness, and gives the following account of his last moments: His state of meaning the high pressession of his fearly the wear in the full pressession of his fearly the wear in the full pressession of his fearly the wear in the full pressession of his fearly the wear in the full pressession of his fearly the wear in the full pressession of his fearly the wear in the full pressession of his fearly the wear in the full pressession of his fearly the wear in the full pressession of his fearly the wear in the full pressession of his fearly the wear in the full pressession of his fearly the wear in the full pressession of his fearly the wear in the full pressession of his fearly the wear in the full pressession of his fearly the wear in the full pressession of his last meaning the wear in the full pressession of his fearly the wear in the full pressession of his last meaning the wear in the full pressession of his last meaning the wear in the full pressession of his last meaning the wear in the full pressession of his last meaning the wear in the full pressession of his last meaning the wear in the he full poss ties, and suffered very little pain, but there came a lassitude over him, which prevented came a lassitude over him, which prevented any effort or wish to converse; questions put to him were either disregarded or answered by a look or sign. A silence, half imposed by weariness, and half of his own inclination, possessed him on the day before his death; however, when in a dose, preceding the change, his mind was evidently still amid its old associations, for he was heard to murmur, as in a dream, the was heard to murmur, as in a dream, the trenty with Belgium, yes, read me that sixth clause again. But at last a perfectly peaceful demise crowned the long and serene healthfulness of his life. He sank away gently, flickered a little, like an expiring lamp, and then went out rather than died, and they hardly knew in the death chamber, at which moment the statement when the statement wh

ment the statesman whose name had been on every page of our history for fifty years ceased to breathe the living. ceased to breathe the living.

The widow of the Premier has been cheered by the cordial sympathy of the Queen. Her Majesty, when the news of the seizure of her first Minister was conveyed to her, instantly wrote to her, expressing her concern, and requesting to be kept informed of the Premier's state; and when the worst intelligence reached Balmoral, she wrote to assure Lady P. of her heartfelt and deep sympaty with her under this deep trial

The Daily News says we cannot perhaps

The Daily News says we cannot, perhaps, better appreciate the peculiar merits of Lord Palmerston's character than by contrast-ing him with two yet greater men whom death within a year has struck down. Richard Cobden, penetrated and mastered by the idea of a great truth, gave his life to make it triumph over every opposition. Abraham Lincoln, not thus strong in feeling the weight of principle, yet shrank from putting it in action till circumstances forced him to act. Lord Palmerston, who filled a larger space in the world's field of view than either, leaves less by which he will be known than either, for there never was a principle to which he devoted himwas a principle to which he devoted himself, there were many that he supported, but it ever was because in his eyes they were right, but because there were convenient expressions of an irresistible public opinion. So though he aided in the triumph of many, there are none with which his name will be associated.

The Morning Star remarks on the event as the closing of a whole era in the history of England. The Paris Press, anticipating speedy reforms as a consequence as a Premier's death, says: The old policy will be interred in Lord Palmerston's tomb, and the hour of Democracy will soon strike in Liberal England. The statesman who would suc-ceed to the heritage of Lord Palmerston

ceed to the heritage of Lord Palmerston must have the courage to become the Robert Peel of universal suffrage.

A meeting of the holders of the rebel cotton loan was held in London on the 18th of October, for the purpose of receiving a report from the committee appointed on the 4th of September. The committee reported the amount of bonds in circulation at two million four hundred pounds sterling. Funding the National Debt.

Washington, Nov. 3.—The plan for funding the national debt at 5½ per cent. interest is under consideration of the Treasury Department.

The report that the President had withdrawn the Government advertising from the National Republican is denied in that paper.

The Cholera on the Atlantan No. Cause.

It is views are correct, then the United.

If his views are correct, then the United States, having taken the property of the Confederate States subject to the charge of the loan, that which has become the property of the United States continues liable though the disease has been imported to our shores at this time, we don't think any special alarm need be felt at this time. It behooves us to prepare immediately for this scourge. Not a day is to be lost.

The charge. On this opinion the committee remarked that the opinion of Mr. Fleming in the case leaves no doubt that, sooner or later, either the United States, or the States which formed the confederation, will recognize and rear the loon. will recognize and pay the loan. The meeting then adjourned to the 18th of January.

Naval Academy--Southern Post Routes-- From Savannah--More Passengers of the Lost Republic Saved.

Libel Suit.

New York, Nov. 3.—The Commercial's Washington correspondent says Admiral Porter, now at the head of the Naval Academy, is in favor of re-establishing that institution at Annapolis. The class just entering numbers 125.

The establishment of Southern post offices and post routes draws largely upon the Post Office funds, as it is not expected these offices will be self-sustaining. The Department will again have to receive appropriations from the Treasury to meet expenses. The Postmaster General is understood to be in favor of abolishing the franking privilege.

The demand for dwelling-houses in Washington is unprecedented, and fabutage of the Savannah Herald of the 31st of October reports the arrival of the barkentine Horace Beales, with a boat from the Republic, picked upon the 26th twenty miles off Huntington island, containing the following persons:

S. E. Young, chief officer of the Republic, passengers Colonel John T. Nichols, Maj. R. S. Nichols, John E. Harloe, 1st Lieutenant, Louis Cocasoro, Wm. McNear, Chas. H. McNear, Horace Demsworth, Alford Wuller, John C. Cotter, George Long. They were in the life boat fifty hours without food or water. A demijohn of water placed aboard was broken by accident.

They lost all their clothing and valuables and were nearly naked.

and were nearly naked.

The steamship Catharine Whiting, from
New York for Galveston, went ashere
twenty-five miles south of Cary's Fort. The Whiting had picked up two men from The Whiting had picked up two men from the wreck of a schooner, the remainder of the crew having been washed overboard. The steamer Gen. Barnes, which communicated with her, was unable to render any assistance, she being so far on the reef. The Barnes counted seven vessels ashore and dismantled in sight of Cary's Fort.

A dispatch from Merchand City of the A dispatch from Morehead City, of the 28th of October, announces the arrival of the steamer Chase, short of coal. She was to leave the next day for Savennia. to leave the next day for Savannah.

The first lot of new upland cotton has reached Savannah.

New York Papers on the Cholera -- Letter from the Father of the Assassin Payne--Loss by Fire.

New York, November 3 .- The daily papers are calling upon the city government to have the city cleaned and put in condi-tion to resist the ravages of the cholera as much as possible.

In a large portion of the city the tenement

houses are densely crowded and in a horri-ble condition. If the cholera comes among us, it is feared the mortality will be very C. Powell, father of the assassin Payne, dated Live Oak, Florida, Sept. 30. This is the first direct intelligence from Payne's family. Powell says his son was born April 22d, 1844; that he experienced religion when twelve years-old, and lived a pious life up to the time of his enlistment in the rebel army. He says his son was always kind and tender-hearted, but determined in all his undertakings.

all his undertakings.
The loss of Binninger & Co., by fire, yesterday, was \$15,000.
The case of Colonel Allen, who sued Gen. Ortega for expenses insurred in the Mexican emigration scheme, was in court to-day. Much contradictory testimony was given, but no decision made.

Fleet of Naval Vessels.

New York, Nov. 3.—The Herald's Fort Monroe special says a fleet of naval vessels, CONSISTING OF the gunboats Vanderbilt and Powhatan, the slooy-of-war Tuscarora, and the monitor Monadnock, is momentarily expected to leave here for the Pacific. They first go to St. Thomas, thence to San Francisco, and from thence to the assigned rendezvous on the Pacific coast. All the ves-sels are in splendid sailing condition, and the officers and crews are in excellent spirits at speedily entering on the long and in-teresting cruise before them. The gunboat Seneca left for sea this morn-

ing. Her destination is not known. The Steamer Europe. NEW YORK, Nov. 3 .- The Europe has no nfectious or contagious disease on board. but is detained at quarantine for observa

PITTSBURG, Nov. 3 .- There is five feet water at this point to-night, by the marks, and at a stand. Cincinnati Grain and Produce Market. Cincinnati Grain and Produce Braffet.
Cincinnati, November 3. p. M.—Prous.—Unchanged and
steady; superfine \$7 50a7 75; extra \$8a90c, and family and
fancy \$9 75a12 00.
Grain—Wheat c'ull and nominal old red \$2.0c, new
\$1 10a175. Corn steady at 55c for round. Oats dull, at 37a
35c. Bye advanced to 85c for round. Oats dull, at 37a
35c. Bye advanced to 85c for extrictly prime.
Provisions—Dull and no linal, city mess pork \$62 6c,
Bulk meats dull at 15½418 for shoulders and sides. Bacon is offered at 17a18½, and 19a22c for shoulders, rides,
and clear sides; hans dull at 12a12/c, gross.

New York Grain and Produce Market New York, November 3,-Corron-Dull and prices without any decided change; 57c for middling, and by

auction, for Government account, of 26,000 bales Mobile
at 60, midding fair felf, midding 5:56a534, low middling
5034, good ordinarp.
FLOUR-Salue better, with a fair demand for extra
State \$9 10a9 20, extra round hoop ohio \$9 35a12 25 for
trade brands; the market closing quie.
WHISKY--teady, western \$2 35.
Gaain--Wheat opened la2c better, but closed quiet,
wird the advance partially lost; \$1 75a1 80; Milwauxee
club \$1 80a1 89, old and now amber Milwaukee \$2.05c;
red Canada \$2 36, new amber State, including a small
parcel at \$2 40a2 75 for prime whire Canada, Rye lower.
Barley dull and nominal, A sale of Canada East is reported at \$1 18; Barley fmalt quiet. Corn ic without
chaoge-81a87 for unsound, 85a 90c for sound mixed
Western, 91c for high mixed, do, 78c damaged Oatsgin
fair demand at 48-51 for unsound, 50a7 for sound,
GROCERIUS-COSEC quit Sugar quiet, Onba ac d Muscoge 134;a15c, Molasses quiet, Porto Sico \$105.
FERSOLEUM-35/a30c for crude, 50a60c for refined—in
bond dull, free dull and nominal.
POWISIONS-Pott dull, heavy and lower, 1822/822%,
closing at \$33 cash; \$2-a2844 for prime mess, neef unchanged at \$1334 for plain mess and \$14a17 for extra
mess. Beef remains quiet. Bacon quiet and steady, 6 ut
meats active at 15% and 17c for shoulders and 20a2/3/6 for
Land-Quiet at 24a28/4.

hans. Lard-Quiet at 24a28%. Butter-In demand, at 30a42c; Ohio at 40c, and 55c for estern. Cheese—Firm, at 14@19c.

New York Money and Stock Market. New York, November 3.—Money—Active and firm, at 7 per cest, out call loans.

Sterling Exchange—Dull at 168%@169% in gold.

Gold—A shade firmer, opening at 146%, advancing to 46%, and closing at 145%.

Go ERNERT STOCKS—A shade firmer.

Freights—To Liverpool quiet and unchanged.

Stocks—Railroad stocks steady and firm without and noticable change

DISSOLUTION. Dissolution of Copartnership. THE FIRM OF W. & H. BURKHARDT IS DISSOLV Led by the death of William Burkhardt, which occurred on the 12th inst. The survivor, Henry Burkhardt continues the business from and after September 20th 1865, in his own name, and as surviving partner will closs up the business of the late firm, at the same house the occupied on Main street, between Fifth and Sixth.

Lonisville, Ky., Sept. 21st, 1855.

NOTICE. HE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN APPOINTED administrator of William Burkhardt, decased, requests all persons having claims against decedent to preadministration of the second sent them properly authenticated for payment.

HENRY BURKHARDT,

se26-tf Adm'r of Wm. Burkhardt, dec'd.

REMOVAL. REMOVAL.

BRADSHAW & BRO. Architects,

Have removed their office to

NO. 64 MAIN STREET, between Second and Third ocll-lm

ESTABLIS HED 1861.

OFFICE-BULLITT STREET, BE TWEEN MAIN AND RIVER. WE ARE PREPARED TO SUPPLY THE TRADE WITH A SUPERIOR QUALITY OF REFINED OIL IN any quanty. Highest price paid for good Crude Pe troleum. Persona having CRUDE PE TROLEUM

For sale would do well to give us a call, as we can increase

of the trade should require it. Lubricating oil and Ben-CLAIM

CLAIM AGENTS.

FURNISHING GOODS.



(Successors o Scott, Keen & Co.,) Wholesale and Retail Dealers MEN & BOYS' PINE CLOTHING

THE LARGEST STOCK

CLOTHING

The Herald publishes a letter from Geo. C. Powell, father of the assassin Payne, INTHECITY

> SPROULE & MANDEVILLE. Corner of Fourth and Main streets, under the National Hotel.

Military Clothing WM. W. MORRIS & CO.

405 MAIN ST., 105 CHAMBERS ST., LOUISVILLE, KY, NEW YORK WHOLES AND DEALINES IN NOTIONS.

SUTLERS' GOODS. AT MASTERN PRICES.

BOOTS, SHOES, ETC.

WHOLESALE

TTT E ARE RECEIVING A FULL STOCK FOR FALL and Winter trade, which we are selling at low prices. We invite buyers to examine our gooods. INGALLS & CO.,



OPTICAL INSTITUTE, MAIR STREET, UNDER THE NATIONAL HOTEL. E. SINCERE, Optician,

The most perfect selection of Sterescopes and Views, Fanorama, Hagle Lantern, superior Field and Opera Glasses, Hydrometer, Sacrometers, My or o

Artificial Eyes Inserted without Causing Pain. idal Glasses set in old frames.

ide Glasses will be sent to order if it states will be sent to order if it states will be sent to order if it states and what length of the continuous con

G. Frankel, PRACTICAL & SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN. No. 11 Main street, between Third and Fourth, adjoining the Bank of Louisville. No. 11 Main street, between third and Fourty, argaining the Bank of Louisville.

DEGS RESPECTFULLY TO CALL THE ATTENTION of those affected with weak sight to his assortment of Spectacles, Ese disascs, etc., amongst which will be found the celebrated perfected Bravilian Pebble Spectacles. The very great superiority of the form of Lear used and the positive advantages to the wearer is the peculiar property they possess of strens thening and preserving, as well as assisting the sight; added to which is the unvarying accuracy with which they are fitted to each peculiar condition of the eye.

A full selection of all kinds of Optical Instruments, such as Microscopes, Telescopes, Barometers, Thermometers, Machematical and Surveying Instruments, Instruments for Medical Faculty, Race, Field, Marine and Opera Glasses always on hand.

Artificial Human Eyes inserted without pain.

New glasses fitted in old frames.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS. JAS. C. M'FERBAN. B. J. MENEFEE. JNO. B. M'FERBAN. McFerran & Menefee

Commission Merchants, COTTON FACTORS. And Manufacturers' Agents for sale of Bale Rope and Bagging, NOS. 162 AND 104 WEST COLUMBIA STREET,

LOUISVILLE CARBON AND COAL OIL WORKS

WM. SKE NE & CO.

THREE HUNDRED BARRELS PER DAY

A DJUST AND SETTLE ALL OFFICERS', QUARTER tract Surgeons', Medical Returns and Accounts, and Claims growing out of the present War of the Rebel master or Commissianry purposes, as well as every oth All business before the General Land Office duly atten and satisfactery references given in General Land Office duly atten to Claims atterfactery references given in General Land Office 2:31 Main Streef, Be

FURNISHING GOODS, Corner of Sixih and Main Streets, Louisville, Ey.

IS AT

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE

STATIONERY, FURNISHING GOODS.

405 Main street, between Yourth and Flith,

BOOTS, SHOES & WOOL HATS.

165 WEST MAIN STREET, Between Fourth and Fifth

INTEGODUCES that highly Improved Spheroidal Spectacle Glasses. If adjusted to the eye by himself, they cannot fall to improvate most falling eye.

The most perfect selection of Sterescopes and

CINCINNATI, O. no2-3m WORKS.

Corner of Sixteenth and High Streets.

ACENCY.

C. L. RAD WAY & CO.,

Wirz's Condition and Treatment.

Garrett Davis' Suit Against Brisbin General Spinner and the National

The Sale of Army Transportation Stopped.

Banks.

Judge Gray, of Texas, Pardoned.

Latest Intelligence from Mexico.

Affairs in Post office Department.

Heavy Gales off the Florida Coast.

Advices From Milledgeville, Ca.

Action of Mississippi Legislature.

New York, Nov. 3.—The Times' Washington special of the 2d says; General Briscoe's case is still before the Secretary of

Brigadier General Hy. A. Barnum, formerly of the 20th army corps, and now commanding one of the districts of the De-partment of the East, has been brevetted Major General of volunteers.
Secretary McCulloch and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue have under

consideration a circular regulating trade between the United States and Canada. It will be issued in a day or two.
The Tunisian Embassy entertained a
large number of officers last night in this

city.
The records in the Wirz case reached the President this evening, but have not been

acted upon. A special to the Herald, dated Washington the 2d, says: The conservative people take heart at the prevalent rumors in reference to the sentence of Wirz. Statements are made that the President has the Andersonville jailor case under close advisement, with a view to mitigate as much

as possible his punishment.
Since Wirz's trial did not bring out as much as was expected to implicate the rebel authorities in the Ancersonville atrocities, it was a sort of a failure according to the views of the radicals; and those who claim to know the feelings of the ex-ecutive authorities say that Wirz's punishnent will not be death by hanging The Tribune's special says Wire le

The Tribune's special says Wirz lately has been fed on hospital diet. At the Old Capitol yesterday he was put back upon the regular army ration in consequence of the surgeon pronouncing him recovered. When breakfast was presented he flew in a great passion and pronounced the feeding of a prisoner with such food an outrage upon im and a disgrace to a great nation. Freedmen's affairs on the Western froner of Arkansas are represented as unfavor-

able.
Garrett Davis and Brutus Clay, of Kentucky, having sued Generals Palmer and Brisbin for abducting slaves, a counter suit has been brought before the Freedmen's Bureau against Davis and Clay for holding blacks to labor without pay, in violation of the laws of the United States, It is understood that General Longstreet,

who arrived in Washington on Wednesday, is anxiously desirous of obtaining a pardon in order that he may be a candidate for the Governorship of his State or be president

of an express company.

One hundred females and two hundred and twenty-one males were discharged from the Treasury Department on Wednesday tradict the sensational telegram, partly from lack of work and partly to s for soldiers. Similar discharges followed yesterday from General Chief Paymaster of the district of the cholera.

ST. Louis, Nov. 3.—The caucus of radical members of the Legislature settled the question of Speakership last night, by nominating A. J. Harlan, of Andrew county, for that position. He was elected to-day by a vote of 69 to 16.

vote of 69 to 16.

Gen. Blair, in a recent speech at Rolla, charged the Board of Canvassers with fraudulently counting votes last election, whereby the new State Constitution was declared

dopted. Secretary of State Rodman sent a com-

Secretary of State Rodman sent a communication to the House asking an appointment on the joint committee to count the yotes and definitely decide the matter. There is no quorum in the Senate.

New York, Nov. 3.—A special dispatch to the World from Washington says: The Navy Department has ordered, by telegraph, that the sea race between the Algonquin and Winooski will take place as soon as the former's engines can be put in order. The Post Office Department yesterday transferred the great Southern mail to Rich-

transferred the great Southern mail to Richmond on the Fredicksburg and Potomac line, by which it reaches Richmond some hours sooner than by any other route.

General Spinner to-day decided that the tax upon deposits of a defaulting national

banking company ceases the moment the bank fails to pay its habilities. Up to the present time but one has failed. New York, Nov. 3.—The Richmond correspondent of the Herald states that B. Fabian, charged with frauds in the New York

Custom House, has been arrested there. It is alleged that he was connected with recent unlawful shipments of alcohol.

Paymaster Binney has been offered the alternative of restoring to the Government

certain funds, and being honorably dis-charged, or to take the chance of a trial. NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The Pert De Gale correspondent of the Herald states that the correspondent of the Herald states that the gunboat Wyoming arrived on the 14th of

The Herald's Washington special says that instructions have been issued by the

War Department to stop all sales of army wagons and everything else in the line of transportation. These directions are retransportation. These directions are received as indicating that an emergency may soon arise when army wagons will again be required.

Judge Gray, of Texas, received from the Executive a pardon last night. The document being indorsed with the statement that it had been granted at the request of

Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, on the occasion of the late visit of Henry Ward Beecher to Washington, Secretary Stanton presented him with a Brevet Lieutenant Colonelcy for his son who is serving as 1st Lieutenant in

the 4th Regular Army.

The Herald's Washington special says:
Great complaint is made of the quality of the rations issued to United States troops in Texas, the climate and bad food having a pernicious effect upon the army in that

NEW YORK, Nov. 3 .- The special Mexican correspondent of the Tribune writes that Mr. Valasques de Leon, Minister of State, has given up his position. Mr. Raniuez, Minister of Foreign Affairs, has resigned, and assumes the duties of Minister of State.

finister of State, Martin Castello has been appointed Min-Martin Castello has seen appointed thin-ister of Foreign Affairs.

The Emperor has decreed the foundation of the National Theater. The rainy season has ended. The campaign against the

guerrillas will open vigorously.

The first branch of the Chalco Railway, between Mexico and Flambaya, was inaugurated in the presence of the Emperor. The Tribune's special says: Only three hundred bids were received by the Post Office Department yesterday to supply eight hundred routes advertised to be let in

The Commissioner of Agriculture has prepared a letter of inquiry for manufac-turers of cotton goods throughout the Union, requesting them to inform the De-

depressed at 55c. Sales of 1800 bales.
Sugar in little demand at 18c. Molasses
70c. Exchange stiff at 134c discount.
The Fung Shuey, from New York, fell in
The Fung Shuey, from New York, fell in
the 27th eighty-seven miles east of

The Fung Shuey, from New York, fell in on the 27th, eighty-seven miles east of Beaufort, with the steamer Chase, from New York to Savannah.

The Chase met a heavy gale on the 23dd Her hull got full of water and the fire was put out. Her engines were stopped, and the passengers baied her out. The Captain reported her light and sound, with plenty of coal and provisions. Between Jupiter Inlet and Captain Appleman and four of the crew of the schooner Minnie.

The Fung Shuey passed two brigs and one ship, and the wrecks of five vessels, sunk dismasted.

Captain Appleman reports while at Jupiter he saw a propeller towing a dispetch to the agents, Montealm & Co, we learn that the St. Patrick, from Memphis, was at Evansville yesterday. She was due last night, and returns to Memphis this evening. She starts at 5 o'clock from Portland in charge of Capt. Ed. Hart, with Bruce Alvord in the clerk's office.

The following card has been handed us for publication in reference to a paragraph that appeared in the Press the other day, taken from a communication of Admiral Porter's. The publishers of the Cincinnati Commercial are not gaining much credit in their indorsement of that "crazy" chap:

the crews of the barks John Wesley and Caroline. The N. E. Smith, Wesley, master, hence for Liverpool, went ashore on French Reef, forty miles off Key West. One boat's crew of nine men reached Key West. The Captain and the rest of the crew were safe when

the boat's crew left, but nothing had been heard of them since.

The British ship Mercy, from Honduras, went ashore two hundred miles north of Key West. Four of the crew were picked up in a dying condition. The captain and crew had taken to boats and rafts. Nothing had been heard of them when the Livingston left Key West.

MILLEDGEVILLE, GA., Oct. 28.—Governor Johnson sent a message to the Convention, strongly arging the repudiation of the State

war debt.
The Mississippi Legislature has appointed
a Joint Committee to petition the President

a Joint Committee to petition the President to pardon Jacob Thompson.

The House invited Ex-Gov. Clarke to address them. He declined on the ground of bing a paroled prisoner. He says he trusts soon to see Mississippi restored to the full enjoyment of equal political rights with her sister States under the flag of the Union.

A difficulty of some duration between Cantain Peck. Provost Marshal of the Captain Peck, Provost Marshal of the Freedmen's Bureau, of Copiah county, Miss., and Colonel Drury Brown, sheriff of the county, in which Gov. Sharkey and the civil courts had intervened, resulted in Captain Peck, who had been sent to jail by the court, appealing to General Osterhaus, who sent back the negro troops to the county whence they had been withdrawn taking possession of the jail, and releasing Captain Peck and placing the Colonel under military surveillance.

JACKSON, MISS., November 2.—The bill

to abolish the Special Court of Equity, established by Gov. Sharkey, has passed the House over the Governor's veto, and will pass the Senate.

New York, November 3.—The steame Jura, with Liverpool dates of the 21st, via Queenstown the 221, has arrived.

The Globe announces that Earl Russell has undertaken the duty of reforming the Cabinet Council, called for the 22d.

The Daily News says it is everywhere assumed that the administration will only

be reconstructed to the extent necessita by the appointment of a Premier. The Daily News says: No liberal minis try is possible without Gladstone. Any peer can lead, but there is no question as to who shall lead the House of Commons. Lord Palmerston would be buried quite privately, at Ramsey, on the 24th. On the

5th the journals continued to lament his The Daily News says: The reported ulti-matum from Mr. Seward has dwindled own to a statement that Seward has writ en to Bigelow expressing a desire of the American Government to remain at peace with all the world, but intimating that he feared Congress would demand extreme measures if additional troops were sent to

The Paris Patrie says: Bigelow abstained necessarily from any reflection upon French intervention in his interview, but that is unimportant, as the plan has been given up. The Globe's Paris correspondent says:

Most of the European Governments have given assent to an international contenence at Constantinople to prevent the spread of

Austria had addressed a note to the Sen ate of Frankfort in reference to the late meeting of delegates to the German Diet, threatening force, if remonstrance is insuf-

The cholera has almost disappeared from The tone of the money market was more

CAIRO, November 3.—The 8th New Hamp shire infantry arrived here to-day, en route for home.

MATTERS. REVER

ARBIVALS. FRIDAY, November 3. St. Nicholes, Cincinnati; Nick Londworth, "Gen. Lytle,

Tarascon, Henderson; Armadillo, Johnsonville; Star, New Orleans; Harry Dean, Memphis; Mattie, DEPARTURES. Peerless, New Orleans; Mattie, Nashville; Star, Pittsburg; Ella Faber, St. Louis; Tarascon, Henderson. en. Lytle, Cincinnati; Nicholas,

THE RIVER was about stationary yester day evening, with four feet water in the canal, by the mark. During the previous twenty-four hours it had not varied any in channel depth. The weather was cool and clear in the morning, the thermometer ranging as low as 40. In the evening it had

There were no dispatches from Pittsburg or Cincinnati yesterday in regard to the stage of water, but private advices reported

another rise at Pittsburg.

The Kanawha was reported rising, with our feet water in the channel. We expect the late Pittsburg rise will reach this point to-day, together with a portion of the fleet of tug-boats with coal. We have no definite reports from the Cumberland, which has remained at a low water stage longer than ever before.

The Mercury has been thoroughly refitted for the Cumberland river trade, and

aptain Dan Parr will soon have the Tempest on the track to ply between this city and Nashville as long as she can "raise

At Pittsburg Wednesday evening the river was slowly falling, with six feet water in the Monongahela, by the old marks, and six feet ten inches in the Allegheny, with the departure of the Neosda for Cincinnati, and the Delaware for Keokuk.

The Keaton was loading at Pittsburg for St. Louis, and the Leni Leoti for Cincinnati. The Sunset, a steamer that recently sunk in the muddy waters of the Missouri, has been raised. They now name her Sun-rise. The Mississippi at St. Louis was reported rising on Wednesday evening, with seven feet water in the "channel to Cairo. The

The Peerless, Captain Oakes, was at the wharf yesterday, with as much freight as she could manage on the stage of water, and took the canal chute to New Orleans.

140/8, at the close. Cotton was duit and nominal at 53/4 57c; Rio coffee closed dull; sugar was strady with a fair demand for raw, but hard standard had declined to 20c.

Flour was quiet and quoted at 56/10c higher. Mess pork

The tow-boat Star came up through the canal yesterday, with a fleet of empty barges in tow, from New Orleans, bound for Pitts-

A lot of thirty hogsheads of tobacco, damaged on the Huntress, was sold at the Pick-Union, requesting them to inform the Department as soon as practicable the amount of raw cotton consumed by them yearly from 1860 up to the present time. These reports will exhibit the fluctuations in the cotton market during the last four years of the rebellion.

New Orleans, Nov. 2.—Cotton dull and each of the fluctuations of the New Albany ferry-boats took a local fluctuation of the New Albany ferry-boats took a local fluctuation of the New Albany ferry-boats took a local fluctuation of the fluctuations of the fluctua

Sels, sunk dismasted.

Captain Appleman reports while at Jupiter he saw a propeller towing a dismasted brig. Large quantities of steamboat cabin work and furniture floated ashore.

A large black ship, with cotton, was seen ashore on Greeian Shoal, surrounded by wreckers,

The Hermann Livingston brought part of the crews of the barks John Wesley and Carolina. R. S. McKay has (I have been informed) been attempting to villify Admiral Porter's character, through the columns of the Cincinnati Commercial, in more than one communication to that paper. And I feel it incumbent on me to give my testimony corroborative of that pertion of Admiral Porter's letter alluded to show.

That R. S. McKay is a crazy man and that no reliance can be placed in his testimony under any circumstances, the following named gentlemen, well known in the South and West, made oath at Cairo after his swearing falsely against me: Emanuel Dyer, Chief Engineer Missis

Emanuel Dyer, Chief Engineer Missis-sippi Brigade; Granville Southers, Pilot, Ram Fleet; John Armstrong, Pilot, Missis-sippi Squadron; W. B. Cox, Captain, steam-er Norman.

The above testimony to McKay's bad character was given before a proper officer, (without any solicitation by me) and for-warded to Washington. If necessary, the names of many reliable gentlemen can be

names of many reliable gentlemen can be given who would willingly testify to a want of truth in R. S. McKay's statements, and corroborating the testimony of the above named gentlemen. Certainly the most lib-eral construction that can be placed on Mc-

Kay's conduct is that he is crazy.
Nov. 2, 1865. Thos. W. Garvey. The St. Charles, elongated and refurnished, drawing only thirty inches water, goes to Cincinnati to-day from Madison, where she was repaired and remodeled. She leaves Cincinnati Sunday as the People's Line packet for this port, and will leave here on Monday.

Monday.

The wild Tarascon takes her place in the Louisville and Memphis packet line on Tuesday next. The neat and bright Rose Hite, in charge

of Capt. Ballard, a great favorite in the trade, is the regular mail and passenger packet for Evansville and Henderson this evening. She starts at 5 o'clock from Portland.

The Romeo is the staunch packet to-day at noon for Madison and all way points. For Memphis.—The Palestine, Capt. Ed. Crider, having been detained completing her cargo, takes her departure to Cairo and Memphis to-day. She starts punctually at noon from Portland, and the clerk, Capt. Geo. Ashcraft, will be found on hand romptly to attend to passengers.
The Ella Faber, with some 300 Regulars,

departed for St. Louis yesterday.

The Anglo-Saxon, from Memphis, and the Huntsville, from St. Louis, were due last evening.

The Huntsville had been detained in the Mississippi, lightering the Indiana. The

latter at the last accounts was aground above Cairo.

The Cincinnati Commercial has the fol lowing in regard to the sinking of the J. H. Baldwin, alias B. J. Caffrey, by dispatch from Cairo: "The steamer B. J. Caffrey, from St. Louis to Johnsonville, struck a log yesterday morning at Liberty bar and sunktons the control of the control o ear the shore. She is badly twisted, hog-

chains broken, and was settling fast at last accounts. She had very little freight, and, as she had barges, would probably save it. The Caffrey will be a total loss."

The United States is the regular United States mail and passenger packet for Cincipperi and the least at noon today. She Taylor, will be found courteous and atten-

The J. G. Blackford is the People's Line packet for Cincinnati to-day. She starts at noon, providing comfortably for passen-

The Gen. Buell is the evening mailboa o-day. She starts at four o'clock. Bars on steamers furnished prompt with all the requisites (from a corkscrew to a bottle of champagne) and on reasonable terms, by J. H. Schroeder & Sons, s25-6m Cor. Main and Fourth sts

EMPORTS BY THE RIVER.

CINCINNATI, PER NICK LONGWORTH-56 exp pkgs, Adams Express Co; 10 hf bbls and 25 kitts mackeres, Detchen & co; 46 bbls petroleum, keene & co; 44 doz pes woodware, O Rawson; 130 bbls apples, whatfboat; 132 do, A Cooper; 110 do, R B Winnard; 203 bales hay, Cobb C & co; 5 ca-ks bacen 4 bhds segar 77 bbls apples 35 kegs nails; 128 pcs furniture 80 bbls potators 20 do apples 10 do onions 5 dozen brooms 27 pkgs, Mrs R A Bishop; 43 pkgs, J O Buckles.

CINCINNATI, PER GENERAL LYTLE-50 bbl; flour, M Dugh; 65 thets and 2 heads boiler iron, J Mtchell; 25 do 1 do, L & F R K; 50 bags coffee, Glasebrooke & co; 3 hhds tobacco, Spratta & co; 435 express pkgs, Adams Express Co; 100 emp y bbls, a lsop B & co; 100 bsles hay, Christy & co; 50 bbls whisky, Walker & co; 10 hds tobacco, Beone Brooms; 30 cbls flour; 20 bdls bags, Brandels & co; 10 kgs barley 15 boxes liquorice 10 kgs barls 240 pkgs 12 bris whisky, owners; 213 pkgs, E S Robinson.

MEMPHIS, PER HARRY DEAN-5 bales cot on, G W Wicks; 5 do do, D H Daviess

CINCINNATI, PSR ST. NICHOLAS—241 pkgs classware, Godshaw & co; 5 bbls soda 71 bexes, Wilson & P; 149 boxe hardware 25 do axes, Neal & W; 20 bbls vinegar, G W Morris; 114 boxes glassware, R A R & co; 1817 1low wings 29 pcs iron and steel 4 pkgs, Nauts & R; 10 kms axes 55 do glas sware, Semple & Sons; 40 do 46 do. J H Thomase, co; 20 kpgs iron 10 springs 65 axes, J S hmidt; 401 pieces lumber 4 bbls hardware. Skeene & co; 91 bdls sheet fron, B & co; 20 kgs arm, 10 fb kegs nails, T J Chatard; 67 pkgs 12 kegs nails, J F Weber; 109 bdls sheet fron, Lithgow & co; 20 kegs white lead, J Fates; 10 trus pig iron, G S Moer; 109 bexes essence coffee, R P Mann; 25 bags skipstuff, E H Robinson; 200 bdls paper, Dunout a co; 71 bpkgs lead, Waters & Fox; 51 boxes sauce 50 kees soda, wharfboat; 64 bundles shovels, J H Thomas & co; 41 bales hay, Cropper P & co.

JOHNSONVILLE, PER ARMADILLO—32 bales cotton, Moore, B & co; 33 do rags, Dupont; 17 hhds tobacco, JOHNSONVILLE, PER ARMADILLO-43 bales cot-

# COMMERCIAL.

The market continues rather dull and quiet in all th ding departments of trade, but holders manifest muc firmness for cotton, and we hear of a sale of 176 bales at 51c. That is a heavy transaction, amounting in the aggregate to upwards of \$50,000. The supplies continue am le, and the shipments North are steady.

An episode in commercial affairs, in a small way, occurred to-day during market hours. A countryman rought some 30 or 49 poun's or rather lumps of butter to the middle market which he was selling pretty fast at 50 to 60c per pound. The Market master in his rounds, as in duty bound, put a lump or two of the butter in his cales, and it was found to be light weight. It was ther declared confiscated, and the Market-master auctioned it off to the bystanders at as much per lump as they choose to bid. It taught the vender a good commercial phrase that "honesty is the best policy."

Some articles of country produce are scarce and price

somewhat enhanced, including Western cheese, with sales of 300 boxes, for Georgia, at 23c. Green apples and potatoes are in moderate supply at \$6.00 for round lots of the former per bbl., in shipping order, and \$3.25 per bbl.

rising on Wednesday evening, feet water in the channel to Cairo. The Missouri was also swelling slowly.

The New York was advertised to leave St. Louis on Thursday for this port.

The Camelia ieft St. Louis on Wednesday evening for the upper Ohio.

The Armenia was the from Pittsburg vesterday, en route for St. Louis.

We hear of no transactions to report, but quote from Endiana, and we notice a decline in the price of the form of the form of the latter,

The Armenia was the from Pittsburg westerday, en route for St. Louis.

The Armenia was due from Cincinnati last evening.

The Marison, at Cincinnati, has abandoned her St. Louis trip to the Kate Robinson, and has her sign changed to New Or
The Marison, at Cincinnati, has abandoned her St. Louis trip to the Kate Robinson, and has her sign changed to New Or
The dispatches to the Market at other points, where packing has commenced, has been sustained thus far, almost exclusively in packing on English account. The dispatches to the Merchants' Exchange from New The Merchants' Exchange from York quote the opening rate of gold 146%, closing at 146%, at the close. Cotton was dull and nominal at 55%

The Mattie, a small craft, well laden with plows and notions, went through the canal, large for Nashville.

Flour wasquare and declined to \$33 60. Lard dull at 23½c, and whise firm at \$2 35, Liverpool dates of the 22d ult. quoted flour in good declined to \$35 firm at \$2 35, Liverpool dates of the 22d ult. quoted flour in good declined to \$35 firm at \$2 35. bound for Nashville.

The Harrry Dean, from Memphis yesterday, had two small consignments of cotton for this market.

Liverpool dates of the 22d uit, quoted nour in good demand, and prices tending upward; wheat had advanced \$25 pence; and corn inactive and drooping; cotton—no quotation. The quotations of stocks at the Board were 20's new....

ing on the best paper, at the highest rates. Eastern Ex change rules firm at par, tae nominal buying rate, and the brokers checking at about 1/2 advance. Gold is a lit-tle higher, with a few transactions at about 1/2 per cent.

above our quotations: n Bank, ine Bank, Georgia ne Bank, Georgia gia Railroad and Banking Co nern Bank, Alabama ern Exchange 163 102 1002 dis. -20 Bonds, New.

ries range at 6 to 7c for old per 1b; dried peaches scarce at 12@15c for unseeled and 25@28c per pound for peeled Butter, 40@45c, in boxes or firkins; choice, 48@50c. Bees-war buying at 38@39c. Brooms, common, \$4 00@500; best Shaker \$6 25@6 35 \$ doz; Best Louisville \$5 75 per

dozen. Cheese, Western Reserve scarce at 21½20 22c for selected, all at nett weights. Hamburg 22½30 23c. English Dairy cheese 24 cents. Feathers dull, an nyers are paying 75@80c. Flaxseed buying at \$2 6 insen paying at 65@70c. Beans nominal at \$1 25 fo white. New potatoes in lots \$3 25. Onions in lots to dealers at \$2 75; small sales at \$3 25 per bbl. Eggs we ote at 25@27c per dozen for fresh packed. COTTON YARNS-Cotton yarns very firm with sales of No. 500 at 41c, in lots. No. 600 at 38c, and No. 700 at 35c per dozen. Small sales at 1c advance.

CANDLES AND SOAP-We note considerable sales by manufacturers of 14 oz star candles at 27c. Sales of 3 oz at 25c, with no charge for boxes, in lots of 50 boxes r more; small sales at 25½c. Tallow candles at 18@19c. erman s ap—No. 1 at 14c and No. 2 at 13c; common 12c fancy and castile 22@25c per pound. BAGGING AND ROPE-Holders are asking higher

rates, and we quote a sale of 50 pieces of bagging at 30%, and 75 coils hand-made rope at 16%c; machine rope DOMESTICS-A sale of 10 bales Great Western sheet

gs at 35c, sales of Laurel Hill and other standard ands, also at 35c. A sale of 5 bales Macon, Ga , sheet COTTON-The market was more active to-day with a air inquiry, and we quote a sale of 176 bales middling

CRANBERRIES-Receipts very meager with small ales by the bbi. at \$18@\$20 for choice.

FLOUR AND GRAIN—The market is sustained though transactions are limited, with sales of superfine at \$8, and \$00 bbls extra family at \$10 50@10 75; a lot of 5 bbls at \$11 25, and fancy brands at \$11 50@12 50. Wheat at the mills commands \$1 4(@1 95 for new, red and white, and \$2 95@2 20 for old. Corn duli at 60@65c for

old, and 50@55c for new, in lots. Oals 45@50c. Rye 75@ 80c, and barley \$1 10@1 25 for spring.

HAY—We quote small sales of choice baled timothy at he wharf at \$16 50@17 59. Dealers along the river are ofring \$12@14 per ton.

STRAW-Baled in store \$15 per ton, and dull. MACKEREL-Considerable sales in kitts of No. 2 large at \$2 65, and medium at \$2 60. GROCERIES-Rather quiet, with sales of 94 bags Rio coffee at 30@31c, and 35 bags at 31½@32½c, the latter for prime. Laguayra, iff small lots, 33@34c, and good Java very scarce at 50@51c. Raw sugar scarce at 15@18c, in hhds, for Island, as to quality. Hard standard ranges rom 211/4 to 211/4c, in lots, with small sales at 22c. Sales of Love:ing's at 22c. Sales of yellow sugar in bbis., a to quality, at 17½@18½c, and sales of three grades of offee sugar at 18½@20½c. Porto Rico molasses in bbls. scarce at \$1 10@1 10, and Eastern strups 95c to \$1 30 in bbls., for good brands, with sales in smaller pkgs, at 10c advance.

Rice in tierces 11½@12½c.
PROVISIONS AND LARD—Mess pork nominal at \$33. Bacon has been in fair request at 19@19½c for shoulders, and 23½@23¾c for clear sides, but to-day a decline was made in clear sides, with sales of 10,000 pounds, packed in tierces at 23c. Lard, old crop, very scarce at 29@30c. RAGS-Good cotton rags are firm at 7c., soft woolle c. hard woollen ic. STARCH-We quote best Madison, in lots, at 7c, exclu

give of boxes; small sales in jobbing lots at 756@7%c. WHISKY—The market has been very duil for severa ays at \$2 28, with a sale of 21 bbls. WOOL-We notice a steady demand with moderate sup plies of un washed at 36@39c, as to quality, the buying rate. Tub washed commands 63@65c.

LOUISVILLE TOBACCO MARKET. Friday—The sales at the warehouses to day amounted o 125 hhds; including reviews and 26 rejections, and 36 hds damaged on the Huntress. Prices were sustained,

cinnati and the East at noon to-day. She has stateroom accommodations for three hundred passengers, and the clerk, Wm. 8609 to 960-10 hhds at \$1025 to 1825,-1 hhd at \$2475, and 1 of cutting leaf, old, at \$50.

NINTH STREET-1 hhd at \$4 -4 hhds at \$5 00 to 5 85 12 hhds at \$6 00 to 9 85-14 hhds at \$11 00 to 19 25, and 1 hhd at \$20.

PICKETT-30 hhds damaged on Huntress, including 5 hhds at prices varying from \$41 60 to 110 00 per hh nd 15 hhds at \$3 to 10 25 per hundred pounds; sales of shids at \$4 do to 4 50-6 hhds at \$50 to 5 70-7 hhds at \$6 1 0 9 75-8 hhds at \$10 to 16 25, and 1 hhd at \$28 75.

Imports and Exports by River and Railroad for Nine Mouths, Ending Oct. 31, 1865. [Reported from the books of the Merchants' Exchange.] IMPORTS, EXPORTS, ..... 17,245 2,481 ..... 1,959 908

Barley, sacks,	28,587	4.161
Bacon, tcs,	4,253	4,422
Butter, pags,	6,403	1,240
Pagen bhda	79,790	
Bacon, hhds		29,407
Bagging, pieces,	9,204	12,470
Bale rope, coils,	7,165	18,202
Cotton, bales,	29,122	27,500
Candles, boxes,	9,098	13,034
Cotton yarns, bags	7,355	5 320
Corn, sacks,	177,443	61,0%0
Cattle, head,	61,735	5,040
Cheese, boxes,	25,280	9,231
Coal, bush,10	,829,000	8,189,759
Coffee, bags,	30,098	17,890
Clover and grass seed, pkgs,	9,376	4,855
Eggs, bbls,	3,941	928
Flour, bbls,	80,496	51,405
Flax seed, pkgs,	6,289	1,510
Hay, bales,	50,681	14,590
Hid, a bdla		
Hides, bdls,	41,460	18,921
Hogs, head,	38, 42	971
Hemp, bales,	8,243	1,505
Iron, tons,	5,895	2,146
Lard, kegs,	2,089	1,923
Lard, tes,	1 989	5.111
Molasses pks	3,826	2,193
Molasses, pks, Mait, sacks,	17,967	5,048
Naile Irage		12,208
Nails, kegs,	23,634	12,208
Oats, sacks,	75,275	16,209
O:', bbls,	11,129	3,847
Pork, bbls,	6,145	14,409
Do bulk, pcs,	30,338	3 0
Shingles	.267,600	2,327,700
Sheep, head,	39,219	2,807
Soap, boxes,	12,716	7,996
Potatoos bbla		11,871
Potatoes, bbls,	46,220	
Rye, sacks,	1,760	
Sirup, pkgs,	7,918	2,984
Sugar, hhds,	4,170	811
Do, DDIS,	34,781	20,236
Salt, bbls,	119,321	97,490
Starch, boxes,	9,020	6,667
Tobacco, hhds,	36,777	34.027
Do hove		30,857
Do, boxes,	8,647	
Wheat, sacks,	124,733	24,527
Whisky, bbls,	16,212	13 868

#### N. B.-This table only embraces some of the leading articles of trade. PROFESSIONAL.

DR. LUNSFORD P. YANDELL, JR., OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES TO THE Office on Chestnut street, one door below Seventh street at Dr. D. W. Yandell's. no2-d&wIm

CIRCULAR.

HEADQUARTARS KENTUCKY VOLUNTEERS, Adjutant General's Office, Frankfort, Oct. 26, 1855.
Circular No. 4.—The attention of all soldiers, and heir of deceased solviers, who have claims against the Government, is respectfully invited to the following information:

The Legislature of Kentucky has generously made appropriations to supply Agents to attend to the claims of our soldiers without expesse to them; and all soldiers, discharged or otherwise, and the kgal heirs of decased soldiers will consult their own interests materially by empleying these Agents, who will promptly adjust their claims with the Government.

Col. Charles D. Penebaker, Military Agent of Kentucky, residing at Washington City, will p omptly present and realize all claims of Kentucky soldiers FREE O. CHARGE. He is prepared to furnish blauk forms or all descriptions upon application, and will the rfully give information as to the proper manner of making out accounts. By applying to him the soldier will save both time and money; for his office being at Weshinston City, he is daily in communication with the Disbursing and Auditing Departments, which enables him at once to remedy any deficiency that may arise in their claims. Local Claim Agents, of course, expect compensation for their time and labor, and the soldier, by employing them, in addition to the expense, is employing a remote medium of communication with the Departments at Washington, necessarily attended with d lay.

The State has also employed to coal Agents at Louisville, Rys., vol. John W. Gault and Col. W. De Morrill, who will cheer cully render information and assistance to sclaims for the expense of the soldier, by the Cornment of the proper manner of the soldier and the soldiers having claims due them by the Government rage of Charge.

The U. S. Sanitary Commission, which has been the Legislature of Kentucky has generously made ap-

diers having claims due them by the Government frake off change.

The U. S. Sanitary Commission, which has been the constant friend of the soldier throughout the rebellion, has established a Claim Agency at Washington, with local Agents throughout the different Stats, and they carnestly invite all soldiers to confide to their Agents the cellection and settlement of their accounts frake of Change. A list of their Agents in Keutucky is hereunto attached, and soldiers in their vicinity are requested to call on them for information, viz.:

k. F. KINNACH, Bowling Green, Ky.

JOHN MASON BROWN, Frank ort, Ky.

H. H. BURKI OLL ER, Louisville, Ky.

The soldier is thus furrished with good and reliable Accents to enable them to husband the means due them by the Government, and they are EARNESTLY solicited to employ them without charge.

By order of the Governo:

By order of the Governo:

D. W. LINDSEY. Adj't Gen of Kentucky.

P. S.—Please post this in a conspicuous place for the benefit of all soldiers.

P. S.—Please post this in a co-benefit of all soldiers. 250 BAGS REO COFFEE; 50 bags Java Coffee; 1 but 1 store and for sale by 180 Main street, bet. Fifth and Sixth. STEAMBOATS.

MEMPHIS.

MEMPHIS.

MEMPHIS.

PALESTINE, Crider, Master.

PALESTINE, Crider, Master.

Will leave as above THIS DAY, the 4th inst. at 5 P. M., POSITIVELEY from Portland Wharf.

For freight or passage apply on board or to g. J. CAFFREY, Asent, 137 Wall street. FOR EVANSVILLE, PADUCAH, CAIRO AND MEMPHIS.

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ST. PATRICK, Agent.

BY. CAFFREY, Agent. FOR EVANSVILLE, PADUCAH AND TEN NESSEE RIVER. NESSEE RIVER.

SPRAY, —, Master,
SPRAY, —, Master,
Will leave as above on THIS DAY, the
4th inst., at 10 o'clock a. M., POSITIVELY, from Portland wharf. For freight or passeage apply co-board or te
B. J. CAFFREY, Agent,
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NEW ARRANGEMENT.

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THE MAGNIFICENT STEAMERS ST. NICHOLAS, - . MARTIN, Master. J. G. BLACKFORD, - - WATTS, Master. Will leave as above from the foct of Fourth street at 12 o'clock M., connecting at Cinci with the 5A. M. trains for all the Northern and Eastern cities. For freight of assage apply on board or to B. J. CAFFEEY, Agent,

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SPEED, SAFETY AND COMFORT. Louisville, Evansville, Cairo and Memphis Packet Co. Leaves Every Wednesday and Saturday.

THE FLEET AND ELEGANT 

RAILROADS.

Louisville & Nashville Railroad CHANGE OF TIME. AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, NOV. 1, TRAINS Will run as follows:
5:09 A. M. Thr ugh Freight for Nashville and all way Stations daily (except Sunday.)
6:30 A. M. Fassenger Train for Lebanon, Perryville, Danville, Harrodsburg, Campbellsville and Columnia daily (except Sunday.)
7:09 A. M. Mail and Passenger Train for Nashville, Eowling Green and Clarksville daily.
7:15 A. M. Freisht for Lebanon Branch Road to Brumfields daily (except Sunday.)
7:09 P. M. Freisht for Nashville, Bowling Green and Memphis Branch daily (except Sunday.)
6:00 P. M. sreight for Nashville, Bowling Green and Memphis Branch daily (except Sunday.)

phis Branch daily (except Sunday.) 6:00 P. M. Express Passenger Train for Nashville daily. nol-tf ALBERT FINK, Gen. Sup't. BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD

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At the Ohio river, with Cleveland and Pittsburg, Ceotral Ohio, and Mareits and Cincinna'i railroads, and, through them with the whole railway system of the northwest, central west and southwest; at Harper's Ferry with the Winchester road. At Washington Junction with the Washington Branch for Washington fury and the lower Petomac, At Baltimore with seven daily trains for Priledelphia and New York.

TWO DOLLARS additional on Through Tickets from Ealtimore or the Northern cities, give the privilege of visiting WASHINGTON CHTY or route—being \$3 lower than the cost by any other line, as recently charged.

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L. M. Cold Gen. Ticket Agent, Baltimore. CONNECTIONS

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TWO DAILY TRAINS LEAVE NEW ALBANY, OPposite Louisville: Chicago Express daily, (Sundays excepted), making direct connection at Mitchell for St. Louis, Cairo, Evansville, 2t. Joseph, Lavenworth, Kansas Uty, and all points West; also at Green Castle and Lafayette for Terre Haute, Mattoon, Alton, Decatur, Springfield, Jacksonville, Quincy, and all points in Central Illinois, and at Michigan City for Detcot. Chicago, and all points Northwest.

9:20 P. M. St. Lois and Cairo Night Express, Cairy, Making direct connections for all points West and Northwest, and for Cincinnat and all Eastern cities. or all points West and Northwest, and for Cincinnat and all Eastern cities.

Only one change of over to St. Louis, Chicago and Cincinnat and all Eastern cities.

In the Change of over to St. Louis, Chicago and Cincinnate and Cincin

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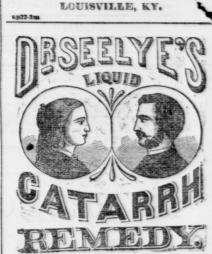
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